

Savitribai Phule Pune University (Formerly University of Pune)

Three Year B.Sc. Degree Program in Botany

(Faculty of Science & Technology)

S.Y.B.Sc Botany

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus

To be implemented from Academic Year 2020- 2021

Title of the Course: B. Sc Botany

1. Structure of Course:

	Structure B.Sc. Botany syllabus					
Year	Semester	Course Type	Course code	Course Name	Credits	
1	1	Compulsory	BO 111	Plant life and utilization I	2	
		Course	BO 112	Plant morphology and Anatomy	2	
			BO 113	Practical based on BO 111 & BO	1.5	
				112		
	2	Compulsory	BO 121	Plant life and utilization II	2	
		Course	BO 122	Principles of plant science	2	
			BO 123	Practical based on BO 121 & BO	1.5	
				122		
2	3	Compulsory	BO 231	Taxonomy of Angiosperms and	2	
		Course		Plant Ecology		
			BO 232	Plant Physiology	2	
			BO 233	Practical based on BO 231 &	2	
				BO 232		
	4	Compulsory	BO 241	Plant Anatomy and	2	
		Course		Embryology		
			BO 242	Plant Biotechnology	2	
			BO 243	Practical based on BO 241 &	2	
_				BO 242	-	
3	5	Discipline	BO 351	Botany Theory Paper 1	2	
		Specific	BO 352	Botany Theory Paper 2	2	
		Elective	BO 353	Botany Theory Paper 3	2	
		Course	BO 354	Botany Theory Paper 4	2	
			BO 355	Botany Theory Paper 5	2	
			BO 356	Botany Theory Paper 6	2	
			BO 357	Botany Practical Paper 1	2	
			BO 358	Botany Practical Paper 2	2	
			BO 359	Botany Practical Paper 3	2	
		Skill	BO 3510	Botany Theory Paper 7	2	
		Enhancement	BO 3511	Botany Theory Paper 8	2	
3	6	Discipline	BO 361	Botany Theory Paper 1	2	
5	Ũ	Specific	BO 361	Botany Theory Paper 2	2	
		Elective	BO 362	Botany Theory Paper 3	2	
		Course	BO 363	Botany Theory Paper 4	2	
			BO 364	Botany Theory Paper 5	2	
			BO 365	Botany Theory Paper 6	2	
			BO 366	Botany Practical Paper 1	2	
			BO 367	Botany Practical Paper 2	2	
			BO 368	Botany Practical Paper 3	2	
		Skill	BO 3610	Botany Theory Paper 7	2	
		Enhancement	BO 3611	Botany Theory Paper 8	2	
		course		Lowing moory ruper o		

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2. Equivalence of Previous Syllabus:

Old Course (2014 Pattern)	New Course (2020 CBCS Pattern)
BO-211: Taxonomy of Angiosperms and	BO 231: Taxonomy of Angiosperms and
Plant community	Plant Ecology
BO-212:Plant Physiology	BO 232: Plant Physiology
BO-221: Plant Anatomy and	BO 241: Plant Anatomy and Embryology
Embryology	
BO-222: Plant Biotechnology	BO 242: Plant Biotechnology
Practical based on theory courses	Semester III: Practical based on BO 231 &
(Paper I and Paper II)	BO 232
	Semester IV: Practical based on BO 241 & BO 242

S.Y.B.Sc. Botany CBCS Pattern (Semester III, Paper I) 2020-2021 BO 231: Taxonomy of Angiosperms and Plant Ecology - 2 Credits (30 Lectures)

Sr.	Tonic Details	
No.	Topic Details	Lectures
	Credit-I	15
1.	Introduction to Angiosperms Taxonomy	02
	Definition, scope, objectives and importance of taxonomy	
	Exploration, Description, Identification, Nomenclature and classification	
	Concept of Systematics with brief historical background	
2.	Systems of classification	05
	Comparative account of various systems of classification	
	Artificial system- Carl Linnaeus	
	Natural system- Bentham and Hooker	
	Phylogenetic system- Engler and Prantl	
	APG system- A brief review	
3.	Study of Plant Families	08
	Study of following families with reference to systematic position (As per	
	Bentham and Hooker's system of classification), salient features, floral	
	formula, floral diagram and any five examples with their economic	
	importance – Annonaceae, Brassicaceae, Myrtaceaee, Rubiaceae,	
	Solanaceae, Apocynaceae, Nyctaginaceae and Amaryllidaceae	
	Credit-II	15
4.	Botanical Nomenclature	05
	Concept of nomenclature, brief history, Binomial nomenclature	
	International Code for Nomenclature of Algae, Fungi and Plants (ICN)-	
	Principles, Rules and Recommendations; 'Type' specimen and its types	
	(Holotype, Paratype, Isotype, Lectotype, Neotype). Concept of Typification.	
	Ranks and endings of taxa names, Coining of Genus and Species names	
	Single, double and multiple authority citations	
5.	Introduction to ecology	06
	Definition, concept, scope, and interdisciplinary approach, autecology and	
	synecology.	
	Species diversity: definition, concept, scope, and types: Alpha, Beta and	
	Gamma diversity.	
	Methods of vegetation sampling: quadrat method, transect method, plot less	
	method	
	Genetic Diversity: definition, nature and origin of genetic variations	
	Species Diversity: definition, origin of species diversity, diversity indices,	
	species abundance	
	Ecosystem Diversity: definition, major ecosystem types of the world,	
(Follogical grouping of the plants	04
0.	Ecological grouping of the plants with reference to their significance of	04
	ecological grouping of the plants with reference to their significance of adaptive external and internal features: a) Hydrophytes b) Mesonbytes a)	
	Auapuve external and internal realities. a) real real opprytes, b) Mesophytes c)	
	Xerophytes d) Halophytes with examples.	

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References-

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IMPORTANT WEBSITES
THE FAMILIES OF FLOWERING PLANTS- L. Watson and M.J. Dallwitz
https://www.delta-intkey.com/angio/index.htm
ANGIOSPERM PHYLOGENY WEBSITE, version 14.
http://www.mobot.org/MOBOT/research/APweb/
THE PLANTS OF THE WORLD ONLINE PORTAL
http://www.plantsoftheworldonline.org/
INTERNATIONAL PLANT NAME INDEX (IPNI)
https://www.ipni.org/
TROPICOS
https://www.tropicos.org/home
BIODIVERSITY HERITAGE LIBRARY
https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/
BOTANICUS DIGITAL LIBRARY
https://www.botanicus.org/
INTERNET ARCHIVE- DIGITAL LIBRARY
https://archive.org/
DATABASE OF PLANTS OF INDIAN SUBCONTINENT
https://sites.google.com/site/efloraofindia/
BOTANICAL SURVEY OF INDIA
https://bsi.gov.in/content/1416_1_FloraofIndia.aspx
FLOWERS OF INDIA
http://www.flowersofindia.net/
eFLORAS OF WORLD
http://www.efloras.org/

S.Y.B.Sc. Botany CBCS Pattern (Semester III, Paper II) 2020-2021 BO 232: Plant Physiology - 2 Credits (30 Lectures)

Cre 1.	dit I: Introduction to Plant Physiology Scope and applications of plant physiology	2L	
2. 2.1 2.2 2.3	Absorption of water Role of water in plants Mechanisms of water absorption with respect to crop plants Factors affecting rate of water absorption	3L	
3. 3.1 3.2 3.3	Ascent of sap Introduction and definition. Transpiration pull or cohesion-tension theory, evidences and objections Factors affecting ascent of sap		3L
4. 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9	Transpiration Definition Types of transpiration – cuticular, lenticular and stomatal Structure of stomata Mechanism of opening and closing of stomata –Steward's hypothesis, transport mechanism Factors affecting the rate of transpiration Significance of transpiration Antitranspirants Guttation Exudation	7L active	K+
Cre 5. 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	dit II: Nitrogen metabolism Introduction and role of nitrogen in plants Nitrogen fixation by <i>Rhizobium</i> and BGA 5.2.1 Symbiotic nitrogen fixation, nitrogenase enzyme- structure and function 5.2.2 Non-symbiotic nitrogen fixation Importance and production technique of BGA Denitrification, ammonification and nitrification Reductive amination and transamination	7L	
6. 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Seed dormancy and germination Definition, types of seed dormancy and germination Methods to break seed dormancy Metabolic changes during seed germination Role of phytohormones to improve seed germination Vigor Index	4L	
7.	Physiology of flowering		4 L

7.1 Photoperiodism – Concept, definition, short day plants, long day plants and day neutral plants.

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- 7.2 Phytochrome theory, role of phytohormones in induction and inhibition of flowering
- 7.3 Applications of photoperiodism
- 7.4 Vernalization–concept and definition, mechanism of vernalisation, applications of vernalisation and devernalization

References:

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S.Y.B.Sc. Botany CBCS Pattern Practical (Semester III Paper III) 2020-2021 BO 233: Practical based on BO 231 & BO 232

Practical based on Taxonomy of Angiosperms and Plant Ecology, and Plant Physiology

Sr.	Title		
No.			
	Taxonomy of Angiosperms and Plant Ecology		
1	Study of tools of taxonomy and ecological instruments (any four each)		
2	Description of flowering plant in botanical terms		
3	Study of plant families (any four)	3	
4	Study of ecological adaptations in Hydrophytes with any two examples	1	
5	Study of ecological adaptations in Xerophytes with any two examples	1	
6	Study of vegetation by list count quadrat method.	1	
	Plant Physiology		
7	Perform phytochemical test for starch and protein in germinating and non		
/	germinating seeds		
8	Isolation of Leaf Protein Concentration (LPC) from suitable plant material.		
9	Determination of Diffusion Pressure Deficit (DPD) 1		
10	Determine rate of transpiration under different conditions of Sunlight,		
10	Shade and Wind		
	Demonstration of the following		
	a. Commercial biofertilizers		
	b. Imbibition in seeds		
11	c. Ringing experiment	1	
	d. Arc Auxanometer		
	e. Spectrophotometer		
	f. Nitrogen fixing bacteria / BGA (specimen/ slide)		
12	Calculate seed germination percentage and vigor index	1	
12	Botanical excursion tour and visit to Floriculture industry / Soil testing	1	
15	center / Seed testing center		

N.B. Botanical excursion tour and submission of report along with herbarium of any five weeds of the following (List of Weeds attached).

List of weeds

Acanthospermun hispidum DC. Asteraceae

Aerva javanica (Burm.f.) Juss. ex Schult. Amaranthaceae

Aeschynomene americana L. Fabaceae Tropical America

Ageratum conyzoides L. Asteraceae America

Alternanthera paronychioides St. Hill. Amaranthaceae Tropical America

Alternanthera philoxeroides (Mast.) Griseb. Amaranthaceae America

Alternanthera pungens Kunth Amaranthaceae Tropical America

Alternanthera sessilis (L.) R.Br. ex DC. Amaranthaceae Tropical America

Amaranthus spinosus L. Amaranthaceae Tropical America

Antigonon leptopus Hk. & Arn. Polygonaceae America

Argemone mexicana L. Papaveracae West Indies

Asclepias curassavica L. Apocynaceae Tropical America Bidens pilosa L. Asteraceae Tropical America Blainvillea acmella (L.) Philipson Asteraceae Tropical America Blumea eriantha DC. Asteraceae Tropical America Blumea lacera (Burm.f.) DC. Asteraceae Tropical America Boerhavia erecta L. Nyctaginaceae Tropical America Cardamine hirsuta L. **Brassicaceae** Tropical America Cassia absus L. **Caesalpiniaceae** Tropical America Cassia occidentalis L. **Caesalpiniaceae South America** Cassia pumila Lam. **Caesalpiniaceae** Tropical America Cassia tora L. **Caesalpiniaceae South America** Celosia argentea L. **Amaranthaceae Tropical America** Chrozophora rottleri (Geis.) Spreng. Euphorbiaceae Tropical Africa **Capparaceae** Tropical America Cleome viscosa L. Conyza canadensis (L.) Cronquist Asteraceae South America Coronopus didymus (L.) Smith Brassicaceae South America Cronton bonplandianum Baillon Euphorpiaceae South America Crotalaria pallida Dryand Fabaceae Tropical America Crotalaria retusa L. Fabaceae Tropical America Cryptostegia grandiflora R.Br. Apocynaceae Madagascar Cuscuta chinensis Lam. Cuscutaceae Mediterranean Cuscuta reflexa Roxb. Cuscutaceae Mediterranean Cyperus difformis L. **Cyperaceae** Tropical America Cyperus iria L. **Cyperaceae** Tropical America Datura innoxia Mill. Solanaceae Tropical America Dicoma tomentosa Cass. Asteraceae Tropical America Digera muricata (L.) Mart. Amaranthaceae North America Eclipta prostrata (L.) L. Asteraceae Tropical America Eichhornia crassipes (Mart.) Solms Pontederiaceae Tropical America Emilia sonchifolia (L.) DC. Asteraceae Tropical America Eupatorium adenophorum Spreng. Asteraceae Central America Eupatorium odoratum L. Asteraceae South America Euphorbia heterophylla L. Euphorbiaceae Tropical America Euphorbia hirta L. **Euphorbiaceae Tropical America** Galinsoga parviflora Cav. Asteraceae Tropical America Hyptis suaveolens (L.) Poit. Lamiaceae South America Ipomoea carnea Jacq. Convolvulaceae Tropical America Ipomoea hederifolia L. Convolvulaceae Tropical America Ipomoea obscura (L.) Ker Gawl. Convolvulaceae Tropical Africa Ipomoea pes-tigridis L. Convolvulaceae Tropical Africa Lagascea mollis Cav. Asteraceae Tropical America Lantana camara L. Verbenaceae Tropical America Malachra capitata (L.) L. Malvaceae Tropical America

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Malvastrum coromandelianum (L.) Garcke Malvaceae Tropical America Martynia annua L. Pedaliaceae Tropical America Mecardonia procumbens (Mill.) Small Scrophulariaceae Tropical America Mikania micrantha Kunth Asteraceae Tropical America **Oxalis corniculata L. Oxalidaceae** Europe Parthenium hysterophorus L. Asteraceae Tropical America Physalis minima L. Solanaceae Tropical America Pistia stratiotes L. Araceae Tropical America Portulaca oleracea L. Portulacaceae South America Prosopis juliflora (Sw.) DC. Mimosaceae Mexico Ruellia tuberosa L. Acanthaceae Tropical America Scrophulariaceae Tropical America Scoparia dulcis L. Solanum nigrum L. Solanaceae Tropical America Solanaceae West Indies Solanum torvum Sw. Asteraceae Mediterranean Sonchus oleraceus L. Spilanthes radicans Jacq. Asteraceae South America Synedrella nodiflora (L.) Gaertn. Asteraceae West Indies Tridax procumbens L. Asteraceae Tropical America Waltheria indica L. Sterculiaceae Tropical America Xanthium indicum Koenig Asteraceae Tropical America Youngia japonica (L.) DC. Asteraceae South America

SEMESTER IV

S.Y.B.Sc. Botany CBCS Pattern (Semester IV, Paper I) 2020-2021 BO 241: Plant Anatomy and Embryology- 2 Credits (30 Lectures)

Credit-I Plant anatomy:	(15 Lectures)	
1. Introduction	2 L	
1.1 Definition		
1.2 Scope of plant anatomy		
2. Epidermal tissue system	3L	
2.1 Structure, types and functions of epidermis		
2.2 Structure, types and functions of Stomata		
2.3 Epidermal outgrowths- non-glandular and glandular		
2.4 Motor cells		
3. Mechanical tissue system	3L	
3.1 Principles involved in distribution of mechanical tissua) Inflexibility,b) Incompressibility,c) Inextensibility and	es with one example each	
d) Shearing stress		
3.2 Vascular tissue system: Structure and function of xyle	em, phloem and cambium	
4. Normal secondary growth	3L	
4.1 Introduction		
4.2 Normal secondary growth in dicotyledonous stem		
4.3 Development of annual rings, periderm, bark, tyloses	and lenticel	
5. Anomalous secondary growth	4 L	
5.1 Introduction		
5.2 Causes of anomalous secondary growth		
5.3 Anomalous secondary growth in:		
a) Dicotyledonous stem (Bignonia),		
b) Dicotyledonous root (Raphanus),		
c) Monocotyledonous stem (Dracaena)		
Credit-II Plant Embryology	(15 Lectures)	
7. Introduction	1L	
7.1 Definition and scope of plant embryology		
8. Microsporangium and male gametophyte	4 L	
8.1 Structure of tetrasporangiate anther		
8.2 Types of tapetum		
8.3 Sporogenous tissue		
8.4 Microsporogenesis: process and its types		
8.5 Types of microspore tetrad		
8.6 Male gametophyte: structure and development of male	e gametophyte	

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Botany

9 Megasporangium and female gametophyte	4 L
9.1 Structure	
9.2 Types of ovules	
9.3 Types of megaspore tetrads	
9.4 Female gametophyte: structure of typical embryo sac	
9.5 Types of embryo sacs – monosporic, bisporic and tetrasporic	
10. Pollination and Fertilization:	
10.1 Introduction and definition	
10.2 Types of pollination	
10.3 Germination of pollen grain	
10.4 Entry of pollen tube- porogamy, mesogamy and chalazogamy	
10.5 Double fertilization and its significance.	
11. Endosperm and embryo	

11.1 Endosperm: Types – nuclear, helobial and cellular.

11.2 Structure of Dicotyledonous and Monocotyledonous embryo.

References:

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9. Bhojwani S S and Bhatnagar S P, An Embryology of Angiosperms

10. Maheshwari P, An introduction to Embryology of Angiosperm

11. Nair P K K Essentials of Palynology.

3L

8L

S.Y.B.Sc. Botany CBCS Pattern (Semester IV, Paper II) 2020-2021 BO 242: Plant Biotechnology (2 Cr- 30 Lectures)

Credit I:

Chapter 1 Introduction to Plant Biotechnology

- 1.1 History and definition
- 1.2 Scope and importance of plant biotechnology
- 1.3 Current status of biotechnology in India.

Chapter 2 Plant Tissue Culture

- 2.1 Concept of plant tissue culture and cellular totipotency
- 2.2 Basic techniques: Types of culture, Media preparation, sterilization, inoculation, incubation, hardening
- 2.3Applications with reference to: Micropropagation, Somaclonal variation, Haploid production, Protoplast fusion & Somatic hybrids, Embryo rescue, Production of secondary metabolites.

2.4 Commercial Plant Tissue culture laboratories in Maharashtra and India.

Chapter 3 Single Cell Protein (SCP)

- 3.1 Concept and definition
- 3.2 Importance of proteins in diet
- 3.3 Production of SCP from *Spirulina* and Yeast
- 3.4 Importance & acceptability of SCP

Credit II:

Chapter 4 Plant Genetic Engineering

- 4.1 Introduction, concept
- 4.2 Tools of genetic engineering (restriction enzymes, ligases, plasmid vectors)
- 4.3 Gene cloning Technique

4.4 Applications of plant genetic engineering: insect pest resistance, abiotic stress tolerance, herbicide resistance

Chapter 5 Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics

- 5.1 Genomics- concept, types, methods used for whole genome sequencing
- 5.2 Proteomics-concept, types, methods used in proteome analysis
- 5.3 Bioinformatics-concept, database and its classification, data retrieval tools.

Chapter 6 Bioremediation

- 6.1 Introduction and concept
- 6.2 Microbial remediation
- 6.3 Phytoremediation

Chapter 7 Biofuel technology

7.1 Definition, Concept and types of Renewable and nonrenewable energy sources7.2 Definition and concept of Biogas, Bioethanol, Biobutanol, Biodiesel &Biohydrogen

3L

2L

4L

- 5L

5L

References

- 1. B.D. Singh (4th Edn 2012) Biotechnology-expanding horizons, Kalyani Publishers.
- 2. K.S. Bilgrami & A.K. Pandey (2007) Introduction to Biotechnology CBS Publishers and Distributors PVT LTD
- 3. M.K. Razdan (2002) Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- 4. H.S. Chawla (2005) Introduction to Plant Biotechnology. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi.

S.Y.B.Sc. Botany CBCS Pattern Practical (Semester IV Paper III) 2020-2021 BO 243: Practical based on BO 241 & BO 242

Sr.	Title		
INO.	Plant Anatomy and Embryology		
	Steder of an idential times contain and also delegated at the		
1	Study of epidermal tissue system – non-glandular and glandular tricnomes,	2	
1	Managatula damaya)	2	
2	Monocolyledonous).	1	
	Study of mechanical ussues and their distribution in root, stelli and leaves.	1	
3	Study of normal secondary growth in dicot stem – Annona /Moringa	1	
	(Double stained temporary preparation).		
1	Study of anomalous secondary growth in Bignonia and Dracaena stem	1	
4	(Double stained temporary preparation).	1	
5	Study of tetrasporangiate anther and types of ovules with the help of	1	
5	permanent slides	1	
6	Study of dicot and monocot embryo.		
	Plant Biotechnology		
	Instruments/equipments used in plant tissue culture laboratory: Principle		
7	and working of Autoclave, oven, laminar air flow cabinet, micropipette,	1	
	culture bottles/tubes with cotton plug		
8	Preparation & sterilization of MS medium	1	
9	Surface sterilization and Inoculation of nodal sector, leaf, anther and maize	2	
	embryo	_	
10	Laboratory cultivation of Spirulina		
11	Demonstration practical on transgenic crops viz; Bt-Cotton, Golden rice		
12	Demonstration of principle and working of agarose gel electrophoresis,	1	
	centrifuge, spectrophotometer	-	
13	3 Visit to plant tissue culture laboratory		

Savitribai Phule Pune University [SPPU]

B.Sc. (Chemistry)

(Three Years Integrated Degree Program)

Choice Based Credit System [CBCS] 2019 Pattern

Second Year Bachelors of Science (S. Y. B. Sc.)

From Academic Year 2020-21

Board of Studies in Chemistry Savitribai Phule Pune University [SPPU] Pune-411007

Structure of S. Y. B. Sc. Chemistry

(According to CBCS – 2019 Pattern of SPPU)

Semester	Course	Discipline Specific Core (DSCC)*
	Theory	CH-301 : Physical and Analytical Chemistry (2 credit, 36 L)
III	Theory	CH-302 : Inorganic and Organic Chemistry (2 credit, 36 L)
	Practical	CH-303 : Chemistry Practical - III (2 credit, 72 L)
	Theory	CH-401 : Physical and Analytical Chemistry (2 credit, 36 L)
IV	Theory	CH-402 : Inorganic and Organic Chemistry (2 credit, 36 L)
	Practical	CH-403 : Chemistry Practical - IV (2 credit, 72 L)

*Important Notice:

- i. Each lecture (L) will be of 50 minutes.
- ii. Each practical of 4 hours and 12 practical sessions per semester
- iii. 12 weeks for teaching 03 weeks for evaluation of students (theory as well as practical).
- iv. For details refer UG rules and regulations (CBCS for Science program under Science & Technology) published on SPPU website.

Evaluation Pattern (As per CBCS rules, SPPU 2019 Pattern)

- 1. Each theory and practical course carry 50 marks equivalent to 2 credits.
- 2. Each course will be evaluated with Continuous Assessment (CA) and University Assessment (UA) mechanism.
- 3. Continuous assessment shall be of 15 marks (30%) while university Evaluation shall be of 35 marks (70%).
- 4. To pass each course, a student has to secure 40% mark in continuous assessment as well as university assessment i.e. 6 marks in continuous assessment and 14 marks in university assessment for the respective course.
- 5. For Continuous Assessment (internal assessment) minimum two tests per paper must be organized, of which one must be written test of 10 marks.
- 6. Method of assessment for internal exams: Viva-Voce, Project, survey, field visits, tutorials, assignments, group discussion, etc. (on approval of the head of centre).

Theory - University Assessment Question Paper Pattern

(According to CBCS - 2019 Pattern of SPPU)

Note that in theory question paper weightage will be given to each topics equivalent to number of lectures assigned in the syllabus.

Total N	Total Marks: 35			ion: 2 Hours	
Note: i) ii) iii) Question) Solve ar i) Questio	n -1 will be compulsory (5 mar y three questions from questions 2 to 5 carry equal marks (10	[.] ks). on 2- 5.) each).		
Q-1		Solve any five of the following (a)a) four tricky questions and b)two question on problem type (if applicable).(b) (c) (d) (e) (f)a) four tricky questions and b)two question on problem type (if applicable).			5 marks
Q-2	(A) (B)	Describe type of question(s)6 mai)ii)ii)Short question, but tricky4 ma			6 mark 4 mark
Q-3	(A)	Explain type of question(s) i) ii)			6 mark
	(B)	Problem based question if applicable. Justification type of 4 mark question			4 mark
Q-4	(A)	Discuss type of question(s) i) ii)			6 mark
	(B)	Problem based question if applicable. Justification type of 4 mark question			4 mark
Q-5		Attempt any two of the follow	wing		10 mark
	(A) (B) (C)	Questions A, B, C, - will be Explain, Derivation, Discuss, Notes, etc. type of long questions			

S. Y. B. Sc. Chemistry Syllabus

(CBCS - 2019 Semester Pattern)

From Academic Year 2020-21

Equivalence with Previous Syllabus (2013 Pattern)

New Course (2019 Pattern)	Old Course (2013 Pattern)
CH-301 : Physical and Analytical Chemistry	CH-211 : Physical and Analytical Chemistry
CH-302 : Inorganic and Organic Chemistry	CH-212 : Organic and Inorganic Chemistry
CH-303 : Chemistry Practical - III	CH-223 : Chemistry Practical
CH-401 : Physical and Analytical Chemistry	CH-221 : Physical and Analytical Chemistry
CH-402 : Inorganic and Organic Chemistry	CH-222 : Organic and Inorganic Chemistry
CH-403 : Chemistry Practical - IV	CH-223 : Chemistry Practical

Preamble:

The syllabus of Chemistry for second year has been redesigned for Choice based Credit System (CBCS: 2019 pattern) to be implemented form 2020-21.

In CBCS pattern semester system has been adopted for FY, SY and TY which includes Discipline Specific Core Course (DSCC) at F Y level, Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC), Discipline Specific Elective Course (DSEC) and Skill Enhancement Course (SEC). A DSCC course has been introduced at FY level and AECC courses at SY level along with DSEC. At TY level DSEC and SEC courses has been introduced.

Syllabus for Specific Core Courses of Chemistry (2 Theory and 1 Practical) subject for F. Y. B. Sc. is to be implemented from the year 2019-20. Syllabus for S. Y. and T. Y. B. Sc. will be implemented from the year 2020-21 and 2021-22 respectively as per structure approved.

Learning Outcome:

- 1. To understand basic concept/principles of Physical, Analytical, Organic and Inorganic chemistry.
- 2. To impart practical skills and learn basics behind experiments.
- 3. To prepare background for advanced and applied studies in chemistry.

SEMESTER-III					
Sr. No.	Course Code	Credits and No of Lect.			
1	CH-301	Physical and Analytical Chemistry	Credit -2, 36 L		
2	CH-302	Inorganic and organic Chemistry	Credit -2, 36 L		
3	CH-303	Practical Chemistry-III	Credit -2, 72 L		
SEMESTER-IV					
4	CH-401	Physical and Analytical Chemistry	Credit -2, 36 L		
5	CH-402	Inorganic and organic Chemistry	Credit -2, 36 L		
6	CH-403	Practical Chemistry-IV	Credit -2, 72 L		

Overall Syllabus

The detailed Semester and Course wise of Syllabus is as follows:

SEMESTER-III

CH-301: Physical and Analytical Chemistry [Credit -2, 36 L]

Chapter No.	Chapter	No of Lectures
1	Chemical Kinetics	12
2	Surface Chemistry	06
3	Errors in Quantitative Analysis	05
4	Volumetric analysis	13

1. Chemical Kinetics:

[12 L]

Introduction to kinetics, the rates of chemical reactions – definition of rates, rate laws and rate constants, reaction order and molecularity, determination of rate law, factors affecting reaction rates, integrated rate laws – zeroth-order reactions, first-order reactions, second-order reactions (with equal and unequal initial concentration of reactants), half-life period, methods for determination order of a reactions, Arrhenius equation- temperature dependence of reaction rates, interpretation of Arrhenius parameters, reaction dynamics collision theory and transition-state theory of bimolecular reactions, comparison of the two theories, Problems.

(Ref. No: 1-725-728, 731-733, 741-742, 780-784, 792-794, Ref. No: 2-1033-1067)

Learning Outcome:

After studying the Chemical Kinetics student will able to-

- 1. Define / Explain concept of kinetics, terms used, rate laws, molecularity, order.
- 2. Explain factors affecting rate of reaction.
- 3. Explain / discuss / derive integrated rate laws, characteristics, expression for half-life and examples of zero order, first order, and second order reactions.
- 4. Determination of order of reaction by integrated rate equation method, graphical method, half-life method and differential method.
- 5. Explain / discuss the term energy of activation with the help of energy diagram.
- 6. Explanation for temperature coefficient and effect of temperature on rate constant k.
- 7. Derivation of Arrhenius equation and evaluation of energy of activation graphically.
- 8. Derivations of collision theory and transition state theory of bimolecular reaction and comparison.
- 9. Solve / discuss the problem based applying theory and equations.

(Ref. No:1-824-826, 832-837, Ref. No: 2-1251-1264; Ref. No: 3-932-938) problems.

Learning Outcomes

- Define / explain adsorption, classification of given processes into physical and chemical adsorption.
- Discuss factors influencing adsorption, its characteristics, differentiates types as physisorption and Chemisorption
- Classification of Adsorption Isotherms, to derive isotherms.
- Explanation of adsorption results in the light of Langmuir adsorption isotherm, Freundlich's adsorption Isotherm and BET theory.
- Apply adsorption process to real life problem.
- Solve / discuss problems using theory.

Reference Books (Physical Chemistry)

- 1. Atkins' Physical Chemistry by Peter Atkins, Julio de Paula, James Keeler -11th edition
- 2. Principles of physical chemistry by B.R. Puri, L.R. Sharma, M.S. Pathania
- 3. Essentials of Physical chemistry by BahlTuli-Revised Multicolour Edition 2009, S. Chand and Company Ltd.
- 4. Physical-Chemistry-4th Edition Gilbert W. CastellanNarosa (2004).
- 5. Principles of ChemicalKinetics-2rdEdition- James E. House
- 6. Barrow, G.M. Physical Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
- 7. Principles of Physical Chemistry, Fourth Edition by S.H. Marron and C. F. Pruton
- 8. Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. & Townsend, J.R. General Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.: New Delhi (2009).
- 9. Mahan, B.H. University Chemistry, 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
- 10. Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry, 5th Ed., Macmillan Publishing Co. New York, 1985).
- 11. Physical Chemistry by Thomas Engel, Philip Reid, Warren Hehre.

3. Errors in Quantitative Analysis

Introduction to errors, limitations of analytical methods, classifications of errors, accuracy, precision, minimization of errors, significant figures and computation, methods of

[6L]

[5 L]

expressing accuracy and precision: mean and standard deviations, reliability of results and numerical. (*Ref-1:* 127-138, supplementary references- *Ref-2:* 62-75, *Ref-3:* 82-121)

Learning Outcomes

- Define, explain and compare meaning of accuracy and precision.
- Apply the methods of expressing the errors in analysis from results.
- Explain / discuss different terms related to errors in quantitative analysis.
- Apply statistical methods to express his / her analytical results in laboratory.
- Solve problems applying equations.

4. Volumetric Analysis

[13 L]

Introduction to volumetric analysis, classification of reactions in volumetric analysis, standard solutions, equivalents, normalities, and oxidation numbers, preparation of standard solutions, primary and secondary standards. Types of Volumetric Analysis methods: 1. Neutralization titrations: Theory of indicators, neutralization curves for strong acid strong base, weak acid strong base, weak base strong acid. Preparation of approximate 0.1 M HCl and standardization against anhydrous sodium carbonate, determination of Na₂CO₃ content in washing soda. 2. Complexometric Titrations: Definition of complexing agent and complexometric titration, EDTA-as complexing agent (structure of EDTA and metal ion-EDTA complex), Types of EDTA titration (direct and back titration), pH adjustment and amount of indicator in EDTA titration, metal ion indicators (general properties, solochrome black – T, Patton and Reeder's indicator only), standard EDTA solution, determination of Ca(II) and Mg(II), total hardness of water. 3. Redox Titrations: Definition of oxidizing agent, reducing agent, redox titration, K₂Cr₂O₇ and KMnO₄ as oxidizing agents, 1,10phenanthroline as indicator in reduction titration, diphenyl amine as oxidation indicator, KMnO₄ as self-indicator, Standard KMnO₄ solution and standardization with sodium oxalate, Determination of H₂O₂. 4. Precipitation titrations: precipitation reactions, determination of end point (formation of coloured ppt, formation of soluble coloured compound, adsorption indicator), standard AgNO₃ soln., standardization of AgNO₃ soln. – potassium chromate indicator- Mohr's titration, determination of chloride and bromide, determination of iodide. Problems based on analysis.

(*Ref-1:* Pages-257-275, 286, 295, 309 -322, 328-332, 340-351, 364-372.; supplementary reference *Ref-2:* 382-302, 322-334, 366-374, 437-452) Learning Outcome:

After studying the Volumetric Analysis student will able to-

- 1. Explain / define different terms in volumetric analysis such as units of concentration, indicator, equivalence point, end point, standard solutions, primary and secondary standards, complexing agent, precipitating agent, oxidizing agent, reducing agent, redox indicators, acid base indicators, metallochome indicators, etc.
- 2. Perform calculations involved in volumetric analysis.
- 3. Explain why indicator show colour change and pH range of colour change.
- 4. To prepare standard solution and **b**. perform standardization of solutions.
- 5. To construct acid base titration curves and performs choice of indicator for particular titration.
- 6. Explain / discuss acid-base titrations, complexometric titration / precipitation titration / redox titration.
- 7. Apply volumetric methods of analysis to real problem in analytical chemistry / industry.

Reference Books: (Analytical Chemistry)

- Vogel's Textbook of quantitative Chemical Analysis, 5th Ed. G. H. Jeffry, J. Basset, J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, Longman Scientific and Technical, 1989.
- 2. Analytical Chemistry, G. D. Christian, P. K. Dasgupta, K. A. Schug, 7th Ed, Wily, 2004.
- 3. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry- Skoog, west, Holler, Crouch, 9th Ed. Brooks / Cole, 2014/2004.
- 4. Basic Concept of Analytical Chemistry- S. M. Khopkar
- 5. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis- Chatwal Anand
- 6. Analytical Chemistry, G.R. Chatwal, Sham Anand.

Chemistry

CH-302:	Inorganic a	and Organic	Chemistry	[2Credit, 36 L]
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Chapter No.	Chapter	No of Lectures
1	Molecular Orbital Theory of Covalent Bonding	13
2	Introduction to Coordination chemistry	05
3	Aromatic hydrocarbons	05
4	Alkyl and Aryl Halides	07
5	Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers	06

1. Molecular Orbital Theory of Covalent Bonding

[13 L]

Introduction to Molecular Orbital Method (MOT) and postulates of MO theory, LCAO approximation, s-s combination of orbitals, s-p combination of orbitals, p-p combination of orbitals, p-d combination of orbitals, d-d combination of orbitals, non-bonding combination of orbitals, Rules for linear combination of atomic orbitals, example of molecular orbital treatment for homonuclear diatomic molecules: Explain following molecules with respect to MO energy level diagram, bond order and magnetism: H_2^+ molecule ion, H_2 molecule, He_2^+ molecule ion, He_2 molecule, Li_2 molecule, Be_2 molecule, B_2 molecule, C_2 molecule, N_2 molecule, O_2 molecule, O_2^- and $O_2^{2^-}$ ion, F_2 molecule, Heteronuclear diatomic molecules: NO, CO, HF.

(*Ref.-1*:89-112, *Ref-4*: 278-292, *Ref-5*: 33-38)

Learning Outcome:

After studying the Molecular Orbital Theory student will able to-

- 1. Define terms related to molecular orbital theory (AO, MO, sigma bond, pi bond, bond order, magnetic property of molecules, etc).
- 2. Explain and apply LCAO principle for the formation of MO's from AO's.
- 3. Explain formation of different types of MO's from AO's.
- 4. Distinguish between atomic and molecular orbitals, bonding, anti-bonding and nonbonding molecular orbitals.
- Draw and explain MO energy level diagrams for homo and hetero diatomic molecules.
 Explain bond order and magnetic property of molecule.
- 6. Explain formation and stability of molecule on the basis of bond order.
- 7. Apply MOT to explain bonding in diatomic molecules other than explained in syllabus.

2. Introduction to Coordination Compounds

Double salt and coordination compound, basic definitions: *coordinate bond, ligand, types of ligands, chelate, central metal ion, charge on complex ion, calculation of oxidation state of central metal ion, metal ligand ratio*; Werner's work and theory, Effective atomic number, equilibrium constant (*Ref-6: 138-140*), *chelate effect, IUPAC nomenclature*.

(*Ref.-1:* 194-200, 222-224; *Ref-4:* 483-492)

Learning Outcome:

After studying the Introduction to Coordination Compounds student will able to-

- 1. Define different terms related to the coordination chemistry (double salt, coordination compounds, coordinate bond, ligand, central metal ion, complex ion, coordination number, magnetic moment, crystal field stabilization energy, types of ligand, chelate effect, etc.)
- 2. Explain Werner's theory of coordination compounds. Differentiate between primary and secondary valency. Correlate coordination number and structure of complex ion.
- 3. Apply IUPAC nomenclature to coordination compound.

Reference Books: (Inorganic Chemistry)

- 1. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J. D. Lee, 5th Ed (1996) Blackwell Science
- 2. Inorganic Chemistry, James E. House, Academic Press (Elsevier), 2008
- 3. Inorganic Chemistry by Miessler and Tarr, Third Ed. (2010), Pearson.
- 4. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry, Brian W. Pfennig, Wiley (2015)
- 5. Inorganic Chemistry, Catherine Housecroft, Alan G. Sharpe, Pearson Prentis Hall, 2008.
- 6. Basics Inorganic Chemistry, Cotton and Wilkinson

3. Aromatic Hydrocarbons:

Introduction and IUPAC nomenclature, preparation (Case benzene): from phenol, by decarboxylation, from acetylene, from benzene sulphonic acid. *Reactions* (Case benzene): Electrophilic substitution: nitration, halogenation and sulphonation. Friedel-Craft's reaction (alkylation and acylation) (up to 4 carbons on benzene). Side chain oxidation of alkyl benzenes (up to 4 carbons on benzene).

(**Ref-1:** 493-513)

Learning Outcome:

After studying the aromatic hydrocarbons student will able to-

1. Identify and draw the structures aromatic hydrocarbons from their names or from structure name can be assigned.

[5 L]

[5 L]

- 2. Explain / discuss synthesis of aromatic hydrocarbons.
- 3. Give the mechanism of reactions involved.
- 4. Explain /Discuss important reactions of aromatic hydrocarbon.
- 5. To correlate reagent and reactions.

4. Alkyl and Aryl Halides:

[7 L]

Alkyl Halides (up to 5 Carbons): Introduction and IUPAC nomenclature, Types of Nucleophilic Substitution (SN^1 , SN^2 and SN_i) reactions. *Preparation:* from alkenes *and* alcohols. *Reactions:* hydrolysis, nitrite & nitro formation, nitrile & isonitrile formation. Williamson's ether synthesis: Elimination vs. substitution.

Aryl Halides: Introduction and IUPAC nomenclature, *Preparation:* (Chloro, bromo and iodo-benzene case): from phenol, Sandmeyer and Gattermann reactions. *Reactions* (*Chlorobenzene*): Aromatic nucleophilic substitution (replacement by –OH group) and effect of nitro substituent. Benzyne Mechanism: KNH₂/NH₃ (or NaNH₂/NH₃). Reactivity and Relative strength of C-Halogen bond in alkyl, allyl, benzyl, vinyl and aryl halides.

(*Ref.-1:* 165-211 and 943-967)

Learning Outcome:

After studying the Alkyl and Aryl Halides student will able to-

- 1. Identify and draw the structures alkyl / aryl halides from their names or from structure name can be assigned.
- 2. Explain / discuss synthesis of alkyl / aryl halides.
- 3. Write / discuss the mechanism of Nucleophilic Substitution (SN^1 , SN^2 and SNi) reactions.
- 4. Explain /Discuss important reactions of alkyl / aryl halides.
- 5. To correlate reagent and reactions.
- 6. Give synthesis of expected alkyl / aryl halides.

5. Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers (Up to 5 Carbons): [6 L]

Alcohols: Introduction and IUPAC nomenclature, *Preparation:* Preparation of 10, 20 and 30 alcohols: using Grignard reagent, ester hydrolysis, reduction of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acid and esters. *Reactions:* with sodium, HX (Lucas test), esterification, oxidation (with PCC, alc. KMnO4, acidic dichromate, conc. HNO₃). Oppeneauer oxidation *Diols:* (Up to 6 Carbons) oxidation of diols. Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement.

Phenols (Phenol case): Introduction and IUPAC nomenclature, *Preparation:* Cumene hydroperoxide method, from diazonium salts. *Reactions:* Electrophilic substitution: Nitration, halogenation and sulphonation. Reimer-Tiemann Reaction, Gattermann Reaction, Houben–Hoesch Condensation, Schotten–Baumann Reaction. **Ethers (aliphatic and aromatic):** Cleavage of ethers with HI.

(*Ref-1:* 213-244 and 889-912)

Learning Outcome:

After studying the Alcohols and Phenols student will able to-

- 1. Identify and draw the structures alcohols / phenols from their names or from structure name can be assigned.
- 2. Able to differentiate between alcohols and phenols
- 3. Explain / discuss synthesis of alcohols / phenols.
- 4. Write / discuss the mechanism of various reactions involved.
- 5. Explain /Discuss important reactions of alcohols / phenols.
- 6. To correlate reagent and reactions of alcohols / phenols
- 7. Give synthesis of expected alcohols / phenols.

References: (Organic Chemistry)

 Morrison, R.T. & Boyd, R.N. *Organic Chemistry*, Prentice Hall of India, Sixth Edition, 2002, 283-308.

Other Reference Books for All Chapters:

- Jonathan Clayden, Nick Greeves, Stuart Warren, Peter Wothers Organic Chemistry -Oxford University Press, USA, 2nd Ed.
- 3. Bahl, A. and Bahl, B.S. Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010.
- Graham Solomon, T.W., Fryhle, C.B. & Dnyder, S.A. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley and Sons (2014).
- 5. Mc Murry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.
- 6. Sykes, P. A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Orient Longman, New Delhi (1988).
- 7. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Vol. I and II), E.L.B.S.

CH-303: Practical Chemistry-III [2 credit, 72^{*} L]

^{*}72 L distributed as 58 L for performing practicals and 14 L for internal evaluation.

For practicals, see the manual prepared by BOS of Chemistry. The examination will be held according to this manual.

Instructions

- 1. Use molar concentrations for volumetric /estimations/synthesis experiments.
- 2. Use optimum concentrations and volumes
- **3.** Two burette method should be used for volumetric analysis (Homogeneous mixtures)
- 4. Use of Microscale technique is recommended wherever possible

A. Chemical Kinetics: (Any Three)

- 1. To Study the Acid catalysed hydrolysis of an ester (methyl Acetate) and determine the rate constant (k). (first order reaction)
- 2. To study the kinetics of saponification reaction between sodium hydroxide and ethyl acetate.
- 3. To compare the relative strength of HCl and H₂SO₄ or HNO₃ by studying the kinetics of hydrolysis of methyl acetate.
- 4. Energy of activation of the reaction between $K_2S_2O_8$ and KI with unequal initial concentration.

OR

4. To determine the order of the reaction with respect to $K_2S_2O_8$ by fractional life method following the kinetics of per sulphate-iodide reaction.

References:

- i) Systematic experimental physical chemistry, S. W. Rajbhoj, T. K. Chondekar, Anjali publication.
- ii) Practical Physical Chemistry, Vishwanathan and Raghwan, Viva book.
- iii) Practical Chemistry, O. P. Pandey, D. N. Bajpai Dr. S. Giri, S Chand Publication
- iv) Experiments in Chemistry, D. V. Jahagirdar, Himalaya Publication.

B. Inorganic quantitative / qualitative analysis (Any two)

1. Estimation of Fe(III) from given solution by converting it to Fe(II) using Zn metal and then by titrating with standard solution of K₂Cr₂O₇-A Green Approach (Ref.-1,3).

- Determination of BaCO₃ content in a given sample by precise determination of volume of CO₂ (Ref-2).
- 3. Separation and Identification of metal ions by Paper Chromatography (Ref.,4,5)

References:

- Iron Analysis by Redox Titration A General Chemistry Experiment, *Journal of Chemical Education*, Volume 65, Number 2, February 1988.183.
- A Precise Method for Determining the CO₂ Content of Carbonate Materials, *Journal of Chemical Education*, Vol. 75, No. 12, December 1998.
- 3. Vogel's Textbook Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 3rd and 6th Ed.
- 4. Advanced Practical Chemistry, Jagdamba Sing et al, Pragati Prakashan, Merrut.
- 5. Practical Chemistry, Panday, Bajpai, Giri, S.Chand and Co.

C. Organic Qualitative Analysis (Two mixtures: solid-solid type)

1. **Separation of Two Components** from given binary mixture of organic compounds containing mono-functional group (Ex. - carboxylic acid, phenols, amines, amide, nitro, etc.) and systematic identification of each component qualitatively.

D. Organic Preparations (Any two)

- 1. Preparation of benzoic acid from ethyl benzoate (Identification and confirmatory Test of –COOH group, M.P and purity by TLC)
- 2. Acetylation of primary amine (Green approach)
- 3. Base catalyzed Aldol condensation (Green approach)
- 4. Preparation of Quinone from hydroquinone (Confirm the conversion by absence of phenolic –OH group in product, M.P and purity by TLC)

E. pH Metry (Compulsory)

4. To determine equivalence point of neutralisation of acetic acid by pH-metric titration with NaOH and to find best indicator for the titration.

F. Volumetric Analysis (Any two)

- Estimation of Aspirin from a given tablet and find errors in quantitative analysis. (Standardization of acid must be performed with standard Na2CO3 solution, prepared from dried anhydrous AR grade Na₂CO₃)
- Determination of acetic acid in commercial vinegar by titrating with standard NaOH. Express your results as average ± standard deviation. (Standardization of base must be performed with standard KHP)

3. Determination of Hardness of water from given sample by complexometric titration (Using E.D.T.A.) method and total dissolve solids by conductometry. Express your results as average \pm standard deviation. (*Standardization of Na*₂*EDTA must be performed with standard Zn*(*II*) *solution*)

Reference:

- **1.** Vogel's Textbook Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 3rd and 5th Ed.
- 2. Experiments in chemistry, D. V. Jahagirdar, Himalaya Publication.

Examination Pattern: At the time of examination student will have to perform one experiment. In case of organic qualitative analysis, after separation of binary mixture any one component has to be analysed according to OQA scheme. Distribution of 35 marks: 30 marks for experimental performance and 5 mark for oral.

To cope up with NACC criterion and to motivate and inculcate research culture among the students, interested students can be assigned mini-scale project. Project should be based either on applications of chemistry in day to day life or application or novel / applied synthesis / demonstrating principles of chemistry. The project work is equivalent to three experiments. Student performing project can be exempted from 3 experiments from two semester. (*from three different sections of two semester) and project will be evaluated by external examiner. Project being choice based activity; student will not get any exemption in external examination. Systematic project report (Name page, certificate, introduction/theory, importance of project, learning outcome, requirements, safety precautions, procedure, observations, calculations, results and conclusions) be submitted separately in binding form duly certified by mentor teacher and HOD.

Illustrative list of some projects is given below for your perusal.

- Synthesis of soap from different types of oils with respect to i) percent yield ii cost of obtaining 50 g soap (students will learn saponification or alkaline hydrolysis of oils – a chemical reaction for the synthesis of day to day life product, which oil is better for soap making).
- 2. Synthesis of biodegradable plastic (Principles demonstrated: Chemical reactions for mores safe products and to mitigate environmental pollution).
- Synthesis of azo dyes and effect substituents of benzene ring on colour of azo dye (Principle demonstrated -Inductive effect a visible demonstration, strategy to charge the colour of dye, chemical reactions for industries).

- 4. Quality of Consumer products: identification reactions and Purity of NaHCO₃ (eating soda) of different brands by thermal decomposition. (Application of analytical chemistry and simple decomposition reaction for the determination of purity of consumer product)
- 5. Determination pH, surface tension, CMC and washing action of detergent of different brands for comparing their quality. (Application of chemistry principles in determination of quality of consumer product)
- 6. Removal of dyes / nitrophenols / by Fenton's process or by adsorption on activated charcoal. (Applications of principles of chemistry in mitigation of environmental pollution, an industrial application of chemistry).
- 7. Study of deionization water using cation and anion exchange resins / zeolites. Amount of zeolites / resin required for the softening of water. (Day to day life application of chemistry, student can apply their knowledge and can construct their own deionizer).
- 8. Preparation shampoo. Ingredients required, their proportion, mixing and testing.
- 9. Eudiometer: Determination of oxidation state, equivalent wt. and determine stoichiometry of the reaction between i) iron metal and HCl. Fe can have oxidation state +2 or +3. ii) Zn and HCl iii) Al and HCl. What happens with HNO₃? Why similar method cannot used to investigate reaction between HNO₃ and these metals?
- 10. Study stoichiometry of simple chemical reactions thereby determination of equivalent wt. of one of the reactant: i) FeSO₄7H₂O and KMnO₄ (determine equivalent wt. of KMnO₄) ii) Mn(II) and KMnO₄ (determine equivalent wt. of KMnO₄).Explain the concept of variable oxidation state and variable equivalent wt. for same substance i.e. mol. wt. is constant. (Known Fe²⁺ oxidizes to Fe³⁺ only).
- 11. Synthesis /isolation of essences, purity by TLC/ B.P. (at least two).
- 12. Synthesis and estimation of purity of aspirin (medicinal compound) by green chemistry route.
- 13. Compare the paracetamol content in tablet of different brands (at least three different brands).
- 14. Compare the vitamin-c content in tablet of different brands. (at least three different brands).
- 15. Determination of Avagdro Number (N) by various technics such as Brownian Moment, Electrodeposition, number of molecules in monolayer etc.
- 16. Hess Law verification
- 17 Determination of Farday constant and Avagadro number
- 18 To determine thermodynamic values of various compounds

- 19 To determine density of various substances
- 20 Preparation of Nylon and study its properties
- 21 Microscale techniques in Chemistry

References:

- 1. A laboratory manual for general, organic and biological chemistry, 3rd Ed. Pearson.
- Safety-Scale Laboratory Experiments for Chemistry for Today: General, Organic and Biochemistry Seventh Edition, Spencer L. Seager, Michael R. Slabaugh, Cengage Learning, 2010
- 3. Laboratory Manual for Principles of General Chemistry, Bearen, 8th Ed. Wiley.
- Green Chemistry Laboratory Manual for General Chemistry, Sally A. Henrie, CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, and Informa Business. 2015
- 5. Experiments in General Chemistry, G. S. Weiss T. G. Greco L. H. Rickard, Ninth Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2014.
- Mini-scale and micro-scale organic chemistry laboratory experiments 7th Ed. Schoffstall, Gaddis, Mc-Graw-Hill Higher Education, 2004.
- 7. Journal of Chemical Education, ACS, (search relevant topics).

II. Students short activity (for both semesters)

These are the extra-time activities for the students which can be performed with the permission of mentor. Mentor can arrange a demonstration on these activities to explain basic principles of chemistry. **Teacher can design many such activities to explain theory that you taught in the class.** Systematic report of activity performed be written in journal. Sample list of small activities is given below. These short activities can be considered for internal evaluation. Some activities are given below.

- 1. Amphoteric nature of Al(OH)₃ (Principle demonstrated-demonstration of amphoteric nature substance and why Al(OH)₃ is used in antacid preparations)
- 2. Enzyme deactivation by Hg²⁺ (Principle demonstrated–catalyst deactivation and toxicity effect of Hg²⁺)
- 3. Adsorption of dyes on activated charcoal (Principle demonstrated and application- surface adsorption for removal of dyes from effluents)
- 4. Detection of adulteration in milk / chilli powder / turmeric power / food colours
- 5. Use of EXCEL in drawing of graphs and calculations.
- Catalysis by Mn(II) in KMnO₄–Oxalic acid titration. (Principle, demonstrated -Homogeneous catalysis)

- Identification of type of salt (strong acid strong base, strong acid weak base, weak acid strong base) by hydrolysis reactions and indicators. (Principle demonstrated hydrolysis reaction of salts, it really takes place)
- 8. Identification of inorganic ions in soft drinks / tooth paste, form of iodide in table salt / waste water / bore well water.
- 9. Spectrochemical series using CuSO₄ solution and i) NaCl, ii) KBr, iii) Ammonia, iv) ethylene diamine, v) salicylic acid [correlate colour with wavelength and predict ligand strength]
- 10. Green Chemistry principles in Organic Chemistry.

References: Journal of Chemical Education, ACS, (search relevant topics).

Learning Outcome- Practical Chemistry-III

- 1. Verify theoretical principles experimentally.
- 2. Interpret the experimental data on the basis of theoretical principles.
- 3. Correlate theory to experiments. Understand/verify theoretical principles by experiment observations; explain practical output / data with the help of theory.
- 4. Understand systematic methods of identification of substance by chemical methods.
- 5. Write balanced equation for the chemical reactions performed in the laboratory.
- 6. Perform organic and inorganic synthesis and is able to follow the progress of the chemical reaction by suitable method (colour change, ppt. formation, TLC).
- 7. Set up the apparatus / prepare the solutions properly for the designed experiments.
- 8. Perform the quantitative chemical analysis of substances explain principles behind it.
- 9. Systematic working skill in laboratory will be imparted in student.

Important Notes:

- i) Wherever feasible develop and practice micro or semi-micro methods from known / recommended procedures and the reference books. This is to i) minimize the cost of experiment, ii) reduce wastage of chemicals iii) reduce environmental pollution.
- ii) Mentor should promote students to *complete the Journal on the same day before leaving of the lab*. Ensure that the original data is retained and used by the candidate. Students may adjust the data from their lab work to reach close to theoretical values. If journal is completed before leaving the lab it will not encourage students to "adjust" the facts from their lab work. (Ref-Journal of Chemical Education, Min J. Yang and George F. Atkinson, Designing New Undergraduate Experiments, Vol. 75, No. 7, July 1998).

Internal Evaluation Strategy for practical (Both semester):

During start of the practical course methodology of internal evaluation should be discussed with students. Internal evaluation is a continuous assessment (CA). Hence during each practical, internal evaluation must be done with different tools. **Guidelines for internal evaluation:** To each practical 15 marks can be assigned which can be distributed as follows:

Overall performance and timely arrival	Interaction	Accuracy of results	Journal /Lab report	Post laboratory quiz / assignment / oral
4	2	2	5	2

At the end of semester, average of 12 experiments can be assigned as internal marks out of 15. Systematic record of internal evaluation must be maintained which is duly sign by mentor and student. If student is absent with prior-intimation her/his absentee will be considered but student will have to complete the experiment in the same week or in with the permission of mentor. Mentor or practical in-charge should arrange the practical for such students. Students performing projects (one mini project equivalent to three practical session) / student activities (4 to 6 activities equivalent to three practical session) can be assigned up to 3 marks out of 15.

Chemistry

SEMSER-IV

CH-401:		Physical and Analytical Chemistry	[Credit: 2, 36 L]
Chapter No		Chapter	No of Lectures
	1	Phase Equilibrium	09
	2	Ideal and Real Solutions	09
	3 Conductometry		06
	4	Colorimetry	06
	5	Column Chromatography	06

1. Phase equilibrium

Introduction; definitions of phase, components and degrees of freedom of a system; stability of phases, criteria of phase equilibrium. Gibbs phase rule and its thermodynamic derivation, phase diagrams of one- component systems- water, carbon dioxide and sulphur systems, problems. (*Ref. No: 1, Page No- 119 - 126, Ref. No: 2, Page No - 661-675, Ref. No:4, Page No 344- 354*).

Learning Outcomes

- Define the terms in phase equilibria such as- system, phase in system, components in system, degree of freedom, one / two component system, phase rule, etc.
- Explain meaning and Types of equilibrium such as true or static, metastable and unstable equilibrium.
- Discuss meaning of phase, component and degree of freedom.
- Derive of phase rule.
- Explain of one component system with respect to: Description of the curve, Phase rule relationship and typical features for i) Water system ii) Carbon dioxide system iii) Sulphur system
- Reference Books (Physical Chemistry)
- 1. Atkins' Physical Chemistry by Peter Atkins, Julio de Paula, James Keeler -11th edition
- 2. Principles of Physical chemistry by B.R. Puri, L.R. Sharma, M.S. Pathania
- 3. Essentials of Physical chemistry by Bahl Tuli-Revised Multicolour Edition 2009, S. Chand and Company Ltd.
- 4. Principles of Physical Chemistry, Fourth Edition by S.H. Marron and C. F. Pruton
- 5. Physical-Chemistry-4th Edition Gilbert W. Castellan Narosa (2004).
- 6. Principles of Chemical Kinetics- 2rdEdition- James E. House.

- 7. Barrow, G.M. Physical Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
- Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. & Townsend, J.R. General Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.: New Delhi (2009).
- 9. Mahan, B.H. University Chemistry, 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
- 10. Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry, 5th Ed., Macmillan Publishing Co.: New York (1985).
- 11. Physical Chemistry by Thomas Engel, Philip Reid, Warren Hehre.
- 2. Ideal and real solutions

[9L]

Introduction, chemical potential of liquids - ideal solutions, ideal dilute solutions - Raoult's and Henry's Law, liquid mixtures, phase diagram of binary systems : liquids - vapour pressure diagrams, temperature composition diagrams, liquid-liquid phase diagrams, solubility of partially miscible liquids-critical solution temperature, effect of impurity on partially miscible liquids, Problems. (*Ref. No: 1, Page Nos- 150-153, 155-157, 166 – 175, Ref. No: 2, Page No. - 750-775, 696-705Ref. No:4, Page No. 261-292, 298- 302*).

Learning Outcomes

- Define various terms, laws, differentiate ideal and no-ideal solutions.
- Discuss / explain thermodynamic aspects of Ideal solutions-Gibbs free energy change, Volume change, Enthalpy change and entropy change of mixing of Ideal solution.
- Differentiate between ideal and non-ideal solutions and can apply Raoult's law.
- Interpretation of i) vapour pressure-composition diagram ii) temperature- composition diagram.
- Explain distillation of liquid solutions from temperature composition diagram.
- Explain / discuss azeotropes, Lever rule, Henrys law and its application.
- Discuss / explain solubility of partially miscible liquids- systems with upper critical. Solution temperature, lower critical solution temperature and having both UCST and LCST.
- Explain / discuss concept of distribution of solute amongst pair of immiscible solvents.
- Derive distribution law and its thermodynamic proof.
- Apply solvent extraction to separate the components of from mixture interest.
- Solve problem by applying theory.

3. Conductometry

[6 L]

Introduction, Electrolytic Conductance, Resistance, conductance, Ohm's law, cell constant, specific and equivalent conductance, molar conductance, variation of equivalent and specific conductance with concentrations, Kohlrausch's law and its applications, conductivity cell, conductivity meter, Whetstone Bridge, determination of cell constant,

conductometric titrations (strong acid-strong base, strong acid-weak base, weak acid strong base) and Numericals. *Ref-1:* 398-402, 414-423, 433-434, *Ref-2:* 519-527, *SupplementaryRef-3:* 746-756, *Ref-4:* 528-532.

Learning Outcomes

- Explain / define different terms in conductometry such as electrolytic conductance, resistance, conductance, Ohm's law, cell constant, specific and equivalent conductance, molar conductance, Kohlrausch's law, etc.
- Discuss / explain Kohlrausch's law and its Applications, Conductivity Cell, Conductivity Meter, Whetstone Bridge.
- Explain / discuss conductometric titrations.
- Apply conductometric methods of analysis to real problem in analytical laboratory.
- Solve problems based on theory / equations.
- Correlate different terms with each other and derive equations for their correlations.

4. Colorimetry:

[6 L]

Introduction, interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter, essential terms: radiant power, transmittance, absorbance, molar, Lamberts Law, Beer's Law, Lambert-Beer's Law, molar absorptivity, deviations from Beer's Law, Colorimeter: *Principle, Construction and components, Working*. Applications–unknown conc. By calibration curve method, Determination of unknown concentration of Fe(III) by thiocynate method, Numericals. (*Ref-2:* 645-651, 658-661, 690, *Ref-3:* 97, 100, 159-172, *Ref-4:* 144-153, 157-160, *Ref-6-Relevent pages*).

Learning Outcomes

- Explain / define different terms in Colorimetry such as radiant power, transmittance, absorbance, molar, Lamberts Law, Beer's Law, molar absorptivity
- Discuss / explain / derive Beer's law of absorptivity.
- Explain construction and working of colorimeter.
- Apply colorimetric methods of analysis to real problem in analytical laboratory.
- Solve problems based on theory / equations.
- Correlate different terms with each other and derive equations for their correlations.
- 5. Column Chromatography

[6 L]

Introduction, Principle of Column Chromatography, **Ion Exchange Chromatography:** Ion exchange resins, action of ion exchange resin (Ion exchange equilibria, Ion exchange capacity), Experimental technique, Application: i) Separation of Metal ions / non-metal ions on Ion Exchange Chromatography (Zn(II) and Mg(II), Cl^{-} and Br^{-}), ii) Purification of water, (*Ref-2:* 186-192, 205-209) Adsorption Chromatography – Liquid solid chromatography: Introduction, the technique of conventional chromatography, column packing materials, Selection of solvent for adsorption chromatography, Adsorption column preparation and loading, Application – Purification of anthracene (*Ref-5:* 209-215, 221), Size Exclusion Chromatography(*Supplementary* - *Ref-4:* pages 111-153, 212-215, *Ref-6-Relevent pages*)

Learning Outcomes

- Explain / define different terms in column chromatography such as stationary phase, mobile phase, elution, adsorption, ion exchange resin, adsorbate, etc.
- Explain properties of adsorbents, ion exchange resins, etc.
- Discuss / explain separation of ionic substances using resins.
- Discuss / explain separation of substances using silica gel / alumina.
- Apply column chromatographic process for real analysis in analytical laboratory.

References (Analytical Chemistry)

- 1. Principles of Physical Chemistry, S.H. Marron and C. F. Pruton4th ed., Oxford and IBH publishing company / CBS, new Delhi.
- Vogel's Textbook of quantitative Chemical Analysis, 5th Ed. G. H. Jeffry, J. Basset, J. Mendham, R. C. Denney, Longman Scientific and Technical, 1989.
- 4. Basic Concept of Analytical Chemistry- S. M. Khopkar
- Vogel's Text Book of Practical Organic Chemistry, Furniss, Hannaford, Smith, Tatchel, 5th Ed., Longman Scientific and Technical, 2004.
- 6. Analytical Chemistry, G.R. Chatwal, Sham Anand.

Chemistry

CH-402: Inorganic and Organic Chemistry [2 credit, 36L]

Chapter No.	Chapter	No of Lectures
1	Isomerism in coordination complexes	02
2	Valance Bond Theory of Coordination Compounds	04
3	Crystal field Theory	12
4	Aldehydes and ketones	05
5	Carboxylic acids and their derivatives	05
6	Amines and Diazonium Salts	04
7	Stereochemistry of Cyclohexane	04

1. Isomerism in coordination complexes

[2 L]

Introduction, polymerization isomerism, ionization isomerism, hydrates isomerism, linkage isomerism, coordination isomerism, coordination position isomerism, geometric isomerism, optical isomerism.

(Ref-1: 232-236)

Learning Outcome:

After studying the aromatic hydrocarbons student will able to-

- 1. Isomerism in coordination complexes
- 2. Explain different types of isomerism in coordination complexes.

2. Valance Bond Theory of Coordination Compounds [4 L]

Aspects and assumptions of VBT, applications of VBT on the basis of hybridization to explain the structure and bonding in $[Ag(NH_3)_2]^+$, $[Ni(Cl_4)]^{2^-}$, $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2^-}$, $[Cr(H_2O_6)]^{3^+}$, $[Fe(CN)_6]^{3^-}$ (Inner orbital complex) and $[FeF_6]^{3^-}$ (outer orbital complex). Use of observed magnetic moment in deciding the geometry in complexes with C.N.4, limitations of VBT. (**Ref-2:** 592-597, **Ref-3:**350-351).

Learning Outcome:

After studying the aromatic hydrocarbons student will able to-

- 1. Apply principles of VBT to explain bonding in coordination compound of different geometries.
- 2. Correlate no of unpaired electrons and orbitals used for bonding.
- 2. Identify / explain / discuss inner and outer orbital complexes.
- 4. Explain / discuss limitation of VBT.

3. Crystal Field Theory

[12 L]

Shapes of d-orbitals, Crystal field Theory (CFT): Assumptions, Application of CFT to i) Octahedral complexes (*splitting of 'd' orbitals in Oh ligand field, effect of weak and strong ligand fields, colour absorbed and spectrochemical series, crystal splitting energy, Crystal field stabilization energy and factors affecting it, tetragonal distortion in Cu(II) complexes*) ii) Square planar complexes and iii) Tetrahedral complexes; spin only magnetic moment of Oh and Td complexes.

(*Ref-1*:194-225).

Learning Outcome:

After studying the aromatic hydrocarbons student will able to-

- 1. Explain principle of CFT.
- 2. Apply crystal field theory to different type of complexes (Td, Oh, Sq. Pl complexes)
- 3. Explain: i) strong field and weak field ligand approach in Oh complexes ii) Magnetic properties of coordination compounds on the basis of weak and strong ligand field ligand concept. iii) Origin of colour of coordination complex.
- 4. Calculate field stabilization energy and magnetic moment for various complexes.
- 5. To identify Td and Sq. Pl complexes on the basis of magnetic properties / unpaired electrons.
- 6. Explain spectrochemical series, tetragonal distortion / Jahn-Teller effect in Cu(II) Oh complexes only.

Reference Books: (Inorganic Chemistry)

- 1. Concise inorganic chemistry, J. D. Lee, 5th Ed (1996), Blackwell Science
- 2. Inorganic Chemistry, James E. House, Academic Press (Elsevier), 2008
- 3. Inorganic Chemistry by Miessler and Tarr, Third Ed. (2010), Pearson.

4. Aldehydes and Ketones (aliphatic and aromatic) [5 L]

(Formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, acetone and benzaldehyde)

Introduction and IUPAC nomenclature, *Preparation:* from acid chlorides and from nitriles. *Reactions* – Reaction with HCN, ROH, NaHSO₃, NH₂-G derivatives. Iodoform test, Aldol Condensation, Cannizzaro's reaction, Wittig reaction, Benzoin condensation, Clemenson reduction and Wolff Kishner reduction. Meerwein-Pondorff Verley reduction. (*Ref-1:* 657-700 and 797-816)

Learning Outcome:

After studying the aldehydes and ketones student will able to-

[5 L]

- 1. Identify and draw the structures aldehydes and ketones from their names or from structure name can be assigned.
- 2. Explain / discuss synthesis of aldehydes and ketones.
- 3. Write / discuss the mechanism reactions aldehydes and ketones.
- 4. Explain /Discuss important reactions of aldehydes and ketones.
- 5. To correlate reagent and reactions of aldehydes and ketones
- 6. Give synthesis of expected aldehydes and ketones.
- 7. Perform inter conversion of functional groups.

5. Carboxylic acids and their derivatives

Carboxylic acids (aliphatic and aromatic): Introduction and IUPAC nomenclature, *Preparation:* Acidic and Alkaline hydrolysis of esters. *Reactions:* Hell–Vohlard - Zelinsky Reaction.

Carboxylic acid derivatives (aliphatic): (up to 5 carbons) *Preparation:* Acid chlorides, Anhydrides, Esters and Amides from acids and their inter conversion. Reaction: Comparative study of nucleophilicity of acyl derivatives. Reformatsky Reaction, Perkin condensation. (*Ref-1:* 713-745 and 753-785).

Learning Outcome:

After studying the carboxylic acids and their derivatives student will able to-

- 1. Identify and draw the structures carboxylic acids and their derivatives from their names or from structure name can be assigned.
- 2. Explain / discuss synthesis of carboxylic acids and their derivatives.
- 3. Write / discuss the mechanism reactions carboxylic acids and their derivatives.
- 4. Explain /Discuss important reactions of carboxylic acids and their derivatives.
- 5. Correlate reagent and reactions of carboxylic acids and their derivatives
- 6. Give synthesis of expected carboxylic acids and their derivatives.
- 7. Perform inter conversion of functional groups.

6. Amines and Diazonium Salts:

[4 L]

Amines (Aliphatic and Aromatic): Introduction and IUPAC nomenclature, *Preparation* from alkyl halides, Gabriel's Phthalimide synthesis, Hofmann Bromamide reaction. *Reactions:* Hofmann vs. Saytzeff elimination, Electrophilic substitution (Case Aniline): nitration, bromination, sulphonation.

Diazonium salts: Preparation from aromatic amines. (*Ref-1:* 821-877)

Learning Outcome:

After studying the amines and diazonium Salts student will able to-

- 1. Identify and draw the structures amines from their names or from structure name can be assigned.
- 2. Explain / discuss synthesis of carboxylic amines.
- 3. Write / discuss the mechanism reactions carboxylic amines.
- 4. Explain /Discuss important reactions of carboxylic amines.
- 5. To correlate reagent and reactions of carboxylic amines.
- 6. Give synthesis diazonium salt from amines and reactions of diazonium salt.
- 7. Perform inter conversion of functional groups.

7. Stereochemistry of Cyclohexane: [4 L]

Bayer's strain theory, heat of combustion of cycloalkanes, structure of cyclohexane, axial and equatorial H atoms, conformations of cycloalkane, stability of conformations of cyclohexane, methyl and t-butyl monosubstituted cyclohexane, 1,1 and 1,2 dimethyl cyclohexane and their stability.

(*Ref-1:* 283-308).

Learning Outcome:

After studying the aromatic hydrocarbons student will able to-

- 1. Draw the structures of different conformations of cyclohexane.
- 2. Define terms such as axial hydrogen, equatorial hydrogen, confirmation, substituted cyclohexane, etc.
- 3. Convert one conformation of cyclohexane to another conformation and should able to identify governing structural changes.
- 4. Explain / discuss stability with respect to potential energy of different conformations of cyclohexane.
- 5. Draw structures of different conformations of methyl / t-butyl monosubstituted cyclohexane (axial, equatorial) and 1, 2 dimethyl cyclohexane.
- 6. Identify cis- and trans-isomers of 1, 2 dimethyl substituted cyclohexane and able to compare their stability.

Reference Books: (Organic Chemistry)

1. Morrison, R.T. and Boyd, R.N. *Organic Chemistry*, Prentice Hall of India, Sixth Edition, 2002, 283-308.

Other Reference Books for all chapters:

CBCS: 2019 Pattern

- Jonathan Clayden, Nick Greeves, Stuart Warren, Peter Wothers, Organic Chemistry-Oxford University Press, USA, 2nd Ed.
- 3. Bahl, A. and Bahl, B.S. Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010.
- 4. Graham Solomon, T. W., Fryhle, C. B. and Dnyder, S. A. *Organic Chemistry*, John Wiley and Sons (2014).
- 5. Mc Murry, J.E. *Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry*, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.
- Sykes, P. A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Orient Longman, New Delhi (1988).
- 7. Finar, I.L. Organic Chemistry (Vol. I & II), E.L.B.S.

CBCS: 2019 Pattern	S. Y. B. Sc.	Chemistry

СН-403:	Practical Chemistry-IV	[2 credit, 72* L]
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^{*}72 L will be distributed as 58 L performing practical and 14 L for internal evaluation.

Instructions:

- 1. Use molar concentrations for volumetric /estimations/synthesis experiments.
- 2. Use optimum concentrations and volumes
- **3.** Two burette method should be used for volumetric analysis (Homogeneous Mixtures)
- 4. Use of Microscale technique is recommended wherever possible.

A. Conductometry (Compulsory)

- a) To determine the cell constant of the given cell using 0.01 M KCl solution and determine dissociation constant of a given monobasic weak acid.
- b) To investigate the conductometric titration of any one of the following a) Strong acid against strong base b) Strong base against weak acid. (*standardization of base must be performed with KHP*)

B. Chromatography (compulsory)

 Separation of binary mixture of cations by Column Chromatography by ion exchange resins / cellulose (any one mixture) (Co + Al, Cu + Mg, Zn+Mg). Separation of cations must be confirmed by qualitative test

References:

- i. Vogel's Textbook Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 3rd, 6th Ed.
- ii) Experiments in chemistry, D. V. Jahagirdar, Himalaya publication.

C. Ideal and Real solutions (Any two)

- **1.** To study the variation of mutual solubility temperature with % concentration for the phenol water system
- 2. To study the effect of added electrolyte on the critical solution temperature of phenolwater system and to determine the concentration of the given solution of electrolyte.
- **3.** To obtain the temperature-composition phase diagram for a two component liquid system with maximum (or minimum) boiling point and to determine the maximum (or minimum) boiling point and composition.

D. Adsorption (Compulsory)

1. To verify the Freundlich and Langmuir adsorption isotherm for adsorption of acetic acid on activated charcoal.

References:

- i) Systematic experimental physical chemistry, S. W. Rajbhoj, T. K. Chondekar, Anjali publication.
- ii) Practical Physical Chemistry, Vishwanathan and Raghwan, Viva book.
- iii) Practical Chemistry, O. P. Pandey, D. N. Bajpai Dr. S. Giri, S Chand Publication

E. Synthesis of Coordination compounds (any two)

- Synthesis of sodium cobaltinitrite (a laboratory chemical) from Co(II) salt and NaNO₂ salts. Comment on colour and magnetic properties of the complex. (Ref.-1, 2)
- Synthesis of potassium Tris(oxalate)aluminium(III) using Al metal powder(Scrap aluminium). Comment on colour and magnetic properties of the complex. (Ref-2, 3, 4)
- 3. Synthesis of Tris(acetylacetone)iron(III) by green chemistry method by reaction between $Fe(OH)_3$ and acac. Comment on colour and magnetic properties of the complex. (Ref.- 5,6).
- Synthesis of Tris(ethylenediamine)nickel(II) from Ni(II) salt, ethylediamine and sodium thiosulfate. Comment on colour and magnetic properties of the complex. (Ref.-7)

F. Inorganic colorimetric investigations (Any two)

- Prepare standard solutions of KMnO₄ / CuSO₄, record their absorbance and Verify Beer's Law and determine unknown concentration. (Compulsory)
- 2. Prepare solution of Fe(III) and SCN⁻of in different molar proportion, record their absorbance and calculate equilibrium constant of [Fe(SCN)]²⁺ complex (Ref.-9,10)
- Prepare solution of Fe(III)/Cu(II) and salicylic acid in different molar proportion and determine metal ligand ratio in Fe(III) or Cu(II)–Salicylic acid complex. (Ref.-11, 12, 13)

References

- Handbook of Preparative Inorganic Chemistry, Volume 2, Second Edition, Edited By Georg Braue R, Academic Press, New York, London, 1965. (Page-1541)
- 2. Practical Chemistry, Panday, Bjpai, Giri, S.Chand and Co.
- 3. McNeese, T.J.; Wierda, D.A. Synthesis of Potassium Tris(oxalato)aluminate(III) Trihydrate. *Journal of Chemical Education*,1983, 60(11), 1001.
- 4. Inorganic Syntheses Vol -1 by H S Booth. First Ed, 1939. (page-36).
- 5. Novel Synthesis of Tris(acetylacetonato)-iron(III), Journal of Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans. 1983
- Metal Acetylacetonate Synthesis Experiments: Which Is Greener?, Journal of Chemical Education, 2011, 88, 947–953, dx.doi.org/10.1021/ed100174f

- 7. Experimental Inorganic/Physical Chemistry: An Investigative, Integrated Approach to Practical Project Work, Mounir A. Malati, Woodhead Publishing Limited, 1999.
- 8. Vogel's Textbook Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 6th Ed.
- Colorimetric Determination of the Iron(III)-Thiocyanate Reaction Equilibrium Constant with Calibration and Equilibrium Solutions Prepared in a Cuvette by Sequential Additions of One Reagent to the Other, *Journal of Chemical Education*, Vol.88 No.3 March 2011.
- 10. Experiments in chemistry, D. V. Jahagirdar, Himalaya publication.
- 11. A spectrophotometric study of complex formation between Fe(III) and salicylic acid, Kinya Ogawa, Nobuko Tobe, Bulletin of chemical society of Japan, 39, 227-232, 1966.
- 12. Salicylate determination by complexation with Fe(III) and optical absorbance spectroscopy
- Determination of Equilibrium Constants of Metal Complexes from Spectrophotometric Measurements: An Undergraduate Laboratory Experiment, *Journal of Chemical Education*, Vol. 76, No. 9, September 1999.
- G. Organic Estimations (any two)
 - **1. Determination of molecular weight:** Determination of molecular weight of organic acid by titration against standardized NaOH a) monobasic acid or b) dibasic acid
 - **2. Estimation of amides:** Determine the amount of acetamide in given solution by volumetric method. (Standardization of acid must be performed)
 - **3. Estimation of Ethyl benzoate:** To determine the amount of ethyl benzoate in given solution volumetrically. (Standardization of acid must be performed).

References:

- i) Vogel's textbook of practical organic chemistry
- ii) Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry by V.K. Ahluwalia and Renu Aggarwal

Examination Pattern: At the time of examination student has to perform one experiment either from inorganic sections or organic section. 50% students must be assigned inorganic chemistry and 50% organic chemistry experiment. In case of organic qualitative analysis, after separation of binary mixture any one compound has to be analysed. Distribution of or 35 marks: 30 marks for experimental performance and 5 mark for oral.

Section - C: Industrial Visit

Visit any Chemical / Pharmaceutical / Polymer / Research Institutes / Sugar Factories / waste water treatment plant, etc. and submit report.

Learning Outcomes

1. Verify theoretical principles experimentally

- 2. Interpret the experimental data on the basis of theoretical principles.
- 3. Correlate the theory to the experiments. Understand / verify theoretical principles by experiment or explain practical output with the help of theory.
- 4. Understand systematic methods of identification of substance by chemical methods.
- 5. Write balanced equation for all the chemical reactions performed in the laboratory.
- 6. Perform organic and inorganic synthesis and able to follow the progress of the chemical reaction.
- 7. Set up the apparatus properly for the designed experiments.
- 8. Perform the quantitative chemical analysis of substances and able to explain principles behind it.



Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune (Formerly University of Pune)

Second Year B.Sc in Mathematics

(Faculty of Science & Technology)

Revised Syllabi for

S.Y.B.Sc. - Mathematics

(For Colleges Affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune)

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus

To be implemented from the Academic Year 2020-2021

SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY, PUNE Board of Studies in Mathematics Syllabus for S. Y. B. Sc Subject: MATHEMATICS (With effect from June 2020)

Introduction:

Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune has decided to change the syllabi of various faculties from June 2020. Taking into consideration the rapid changes in science and technology and new approaches in different areas of mathematics and related subjects Board of studies in Mathematics with concern of teachers of Mathematics from different colleges affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune has prepared the syllabus of S.Y.B.Sc. Mathematics. To develop the syllabus the U.G.C. Model curriculum is followed.

Aims:

- Give the students a sufficient knowledge of fundamental principles, methods and a clear perception of innumerous power of mathematical ideas and tools and know how to use them by modeling ,solving and interpreting.
- Reflecting the broad nature of the subject and developing mathematical tools for continuing further study in various fields of science.
- Enhancing students overall development and to equip them with mathematical modeling abilities, problem solving skills, creative talent and power of communication necessary for various kinds of employment.
- Enabling students to develop a positive attitude towards mathematics as an interesting and valuable subject of study.

Objectives:

- A student should be able to recall basic facts about mathematics and should be able to display knowledge of conventions such as notations, terminology and recognize basic geometrical figures and graphical displays ,state important facts resulting from their studies.
- A student should get a relational understanding of mathematical concepts and concerned structures, and should be able to follow the patterns involved, mathematical reasoning.
- A student should get adequate exposure to global and local concerns that explore them many aspects of Mathematical Sciences.
- A student be able to apply their skills and knowledge, that is, translate information presented verbally into mathematical form, select and use appropriate mathematical formulae or techniques in order to process the information and draw the relevant conclusion.
- A student should be made aware of history of mathematics and hence of its past, present and future role as part of our culture.

Eligibility: F. Y. B. Sc., as per University rules.

Structure of the course:

	Semester	r - III	Semester -IV		
Paper I	per I MT-231 Calculus of Several		MT-241	Linear Algebra	
		Variables			
Paper II	MT-	Numerical Methods	MT-242(A)	Vector Calculus	
	232(A)	and Its Applications			
		Graph Theory	MT-242(B)	Dynamical Systems	
	MT-232(B)				
Paper III	MT-233	Mathematics Practical based on MT - 231 and MT - 232	MT-243	Mathematics Practical based on MT - 241 and MT-242	

- All three above courses are compulsory.
- In Semester-III, select any one from MT-232(A) and MT-232(B).
- In Semester-IV, select any one from MT-242(A) and MT-242(B).

Medium of Instruction: English.

Examination:

- A) Pattern of examination: Semester.
- **B**) Standard of passing: 20 marks out of 50 marks for each papers.

But for MT- 231, MT -232(A), MT -232(B), MT -241, MT -242(A), MT -242(B), MT -233 and MT-243 for passing a student should obtain minimum 14 marks out of 35 in the theory examination and overall total marks for theory and internal should be minimum 20.

C) Pattern of question papers: For MT- 231, MT -232(A), MT -232(B), MT -241, MT -242(A), MT -242(B).

- Q1. Attempt any 05 out of 07 questions each of 01 marks. [05 Marks]
- Q2. Attempt any 02 out of 04 questions each of 05 marks. [10 Marks].
- Q.3. Attempt any 02 out of 04 questions each of 05 marks. [10 Marks].
- Q4. Attempt any 02 out of 04 questions each of 10 marks. [10 Marks].

D) External Students: Not allowed.

E) Verification /Revaluation: Allowed for MT- 231, MT -232(A), MT -232(B), MT - 241, MT -242(A), MT -242(B).

The pattern of question paper for MT -233, MT-243 is given in the detailed syllabus.

	Semeste	r-III	Semester-IV		
	New Course	Old Course	New Course	Old Course	
Paper I	MT-231: Calculus of Several Variables	MT-211 : Multivariable Calculus-I	MT-241:Linear Algebra	MT-221: Linear Algebra	
Paper II	MT-232(A): Numerical Methods and Its Applications	MT-212(A): Discrete Mathematics	MT-242(A): Vector Calculus	MT-222(A): Multivariable Calculus - II	
	MT-232(B): Graph Theory	MT- 212(B): Laplace Transform and Fourier Series	MT-242(B): Dynamical Systems	MT-212(B): Numerical Analysis	
Paper III	MT-233: Mathematics Practical based on MT-231 and MT- 232	MT-213 : Mathematics Practical based on MT-211 and MT-212	MT-243: Mathematics Practical based on MT-241 and MT-242	MT–223: Mathematics Practical based on MT-221 and MT-222	

Equivalence of Previous syllabus along with new syllabus:

Qualifications for Teacher: M.Sc. Mathematics (with NET /SET as per existing rules).

Semester – III

MT-231: Calculus of Several Variables

Unit-1 Limits and Continuity

1.1 Functions of Several Variables :- Functions of two variables, Domain and Range,

Graphs, Level Curves, Functions of Three or More Variables

1.2 Limits and Continuity.

Unit-2 Partial Derivatives and Differentiability

- **2.1** Definition and examples.
- **2.2** Higher Derivatives, Clairaut's Theorem (Statement Only), Partial Differential Equations, Wave equation.

[06 lectures]

[10 lectures]

- 2.3 Differentiable function, Differentials
- 2.4 Chain Rule, Homogeneous Functions, Euler's theorem

Unit-3 Extreme Values

3.1 Extreme values of functions of two variables.

3.2 Necessary conditions for extreme values.

3.3 Second Derivative Test (without proof).

3.4 Lagrange Multipliers (with one constraints)

Unit-4 Multiple Integrals

4.1 Iterated Integrals, Fubini's Theorem (Statement only)

4.2 Double integral over general regions, Change of order of integration for two variables.

4.3 Double integral in Polar coordinates.

4.4 Triple integrals, Evaluation of triple integrals. Triple integrals in spherical coordinates

4.5 Jacobians, Change of variables in multiple integrals.(Results without proofs)

Text book: Multivariable Calculus 7th Edition By James Stewart, Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning, 2012, 2008.

Unit 1:- Chapter 14: Sec- 14.1, 14.2

Unit 2:- Chapter 14: Sec- 14.3(except the Cobb-Douglas production function), 4.4 (except Tangent Planes and Linear Approximations), Sec-14.5

Unit 3:- Chapter 14: Sec 14.7, 14.8 (except two constraints)

Unit 4:- Chapter 15: Sec 15.2, 15.3, 15.4, 15.7 (without Riemann sum and Application), 15.9, 15.10

Reference Books:

1. Basic Multivariable Calculus, J. E. Marsden, A. J. Tromba , A. Weinstein, Springer

Verlag (Indian Edition).

2. Shanti Narayan, R.K. Mittal, A Text-book of Vector Calculus, S.Chand and Company.

3. D.V. Widder, Advanced Calculus (2nd Edition), Prentice Hall of India ,NewDelhi,(1944).

4. T.M. Apostol, Calculus Vol. II (2nd Edition), John Wiley, New York, (1967).

MT-232(A): Numerical Methods and It's Applications

Unit1: Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations	[10 Lectures]
1.1 Errors and their computations	
1.2 Bisection method.	
1.3 The method of False position	
1.4 Newton- Raphson method	
Unit 2: Interpolation	[12 Lectures]

[12 lectures]

[08 lectures]

- 2.1 Finite Difference Operators and their relations (Forward, Backward difference and Shift operator).
- 2.2 Differences of a polynomial
- 2.3 Newton's Interpolation Formulae (Forward and Backward)
- 2.4 Lagrange's Interpolation Formula

Unit 3: Numerical Differentiation and Integration[06 Le

[06 Lectures]

- 3.1 Numerical Differentiation (Derivatives using Newton's forward difference formula)
- 3.2 Numerical Integration, General quadrature formula.
- 3.3 Trapezoidal rule.
- 3.4 Simpsons's 1/3rd rule.
- 3.5 Simpsons's 3/8th rule.

Unit 4: Numerical solution of first order ordinary differential equations [08 Lectures]

- 4.1 Taylor's Series method
- 4.2 Picard's method of successive approximations
- 4.3 Euler's method.
- 4.4 Modified Euler's methods.
- 4.5 Runge Kutta Methods.

Text book:

1. S.S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, 5th edition, Prentice Hall of ndia.

Unit 1: Chapter 1: section 1.3, Chapter 2: section 2.2, 2.3, 2.5

Unit 2: Chapter 3: section 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 3.9(3.9.1 only)

Unit 3: Chapter 4: section 6.2 (excluding 6.2.1 to 6.2.3), 6.4

Unit 4: Chapter 5: section 8.2, 8.3, 8.4 (excluding 8.4.1).

Reference Books:

1. C.F. Gerald and O.P. Wheatley, Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison Wesley;

7thedition (2003).

- 2. K.E. Atkinson; An Introduction to Numerical Analysis, Wiley Publications.
- 3. T. Sauer, Numerical analysis, 3rd edition, Pearson.
- 4. M. K. Jain, SRK Iyengar and R.K. Jain, Numerical Methods For Scientific & Engg 5e,

New Age International (P) Ltd (2008).

MT-232(B) : Graph Theory

Unit 1. Introduction

- 1.1 What is a Graph?
- 1.2 Application of Graphs
- 1.3 Finite and Infinite Graphs
- 1.4 Incidence and Degree
- 1.5 Isolated Vertex, Pendant Vertex and Null Graph

Unit 2. Paths and Circuits

[12 Lectures]

[04 Lectures]

2.1 Isomorphism	
2.2 Subgraphs	
2.4 Walks, Paths, and Circuits	
2.5 Connected Graphs, Disconnected Graphs, and Components	
2.6 Euler Graphs	
2.7 Operations on Graphs	
2.8 More on Euler Graphs	
2.9 Hamiltonian Paths and Circuits	
2.10 The Traveling Salesman Problem	
Unit 3. Trees and Fundamental Circuits	[14 Lectures]
3.1 Trees	
3.2 Some Properties of Trees	
3.3 Pendant Vertices in a Tree	
3.4 Distance and Centers in a Tree	
3.5 Rooted and Binary Trees	
3.6 On Counting Trees	
3.7 Spanning Trees	
3.8 Fundamental Circuits	
3.10 Spanning Trees in a Weighted Graph	
Unit 4. Cut-Sets and Cut-Vertices	[06 Lectures]
4.1 Cut-Sets	
4.2 Some Properties of a Cut-Set	
4.3 All Cut-Sets in a Graph	
4.4 Fundamental Circuits and Cut-Sets	
4.5 Connectivity and Separability	
Recommended Book :	

1. Narsingh Deo, "Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Science" Printice-Hall, of India Pvt. Lt. New Delhi.

Unit 1 : Chapter 1: Sec.1.1 to 1.5

Unit 2: Chapter 2: Sec. 2.1 to 2.10 (Excluding 2.3)

Unit 3: Chapter 3: Sec. 3.1 to 3.10 (Excluding 3.9)

Unit 4: Chapter 4 : Sec. 4.1 to 4.5

Reference books:

1. John Clark and Derek Holton, A First Look at Graph Theory (Allied Publishers)

2. Robin J. Wilson, Introduction to Graph Theory, Fourth Edition (low price edition)

3. Introduction to Graph Theory, Douglas West 2nd edition.

4. A Textbook of Graph Theory, Balakrishnan, R., Ranganathan, K.

Outcomes of Course:

Upon completion of the course, the students will achieve the following.

(i) The mathematical maturity of students in their current and future courses shall develop.

(ii) The student develops theoretical, applied and computational skills.

(iii) The student gains confidence in proving theorems and solving problems.

MT 233: Mathematics Practical

(Practicals based on the applications of articles in MT - 231 and MT - 232)

In Semester-III, we should conduct 4 written practical and 2 practical on maxima software for each paper MT-231 and MT-232.

List of Practical

Practical 1 : Problems on Unit 1(Written) from MT-231.

Practical 2 : Problems on Unit 2 (Written) from MT-231.

Practical 3 : Problems on Unit 3 (Written) from MT-231.

Practical 4 : IProblems on Unit 4 (Written) from MT-231.

Practical 5 : Problems on unit 1 and unit 2 from MT-231 using maxima software.

Practical 6 : Problems on Unit 3 and Unit 4 from MT-231 using maxima software.

Practical 7 : Problems on Unit 1 (Written) from MT-232.

Practical 8 : Problems on Unit 2 (Written) from MT-232.

Practical 9 : Problems on Unit 3 (Written) from MT-232.

Practical 10 : IProblems on Unit 4 (Written) from MT-232.

Practical 11 : Problems on unit 1 and unit 2 from MT-232 using maxima software.

Practical 12 : Problems on Unit 3 and Unit 4 from MT-2322 using maxima software.

Note:

1. The soft copy of practicals on maxima software will be prepared and provided by the Board of Studies in mathematics.

2. Practicals on maxima software can be performed on computer only.

3. Practical examination of 25 marks on written problems, 10 marks for problems on maxima software (5 marks for writing syntax and 5 marks to perform the same on computer).

Semester - IV MT-241: Linear Algebra

Unit-1: Matrices and System of Linear Equations

- 1.1 Row echelon form of a matrix, reduced row echelon form of a matrix.
- 1.2 Definition of rank of a matrix using row echelon or row reduced echelon form.
- 1.3 System of linear equations- Introduction, matrix form of linear system, definition of row equivalent matrices.
- 1.4 Consistency of homogeneous and non-homogeneous system of linear equations using rank, condition for consistency.
- 1.5 Solution of System of Equations: Gauss elimination and Gauss-Jordan elimination method, examples.

Unit-2: Vector Spaces-I

2.1 Definition and Examples.

- 2.2 Subspaces.
- 2.3 Linear Dependence and Independence.
- 2.4 Basis of Vector Space

Unit-3: Vector Spaces-II

- 3.1 Dimension of a Vector Space.
- 3.2 Row, Column and Null Space of a matrix.
- 3.3 Rank and nullity.

Unit-4: Linear Transformations

- 4.1 Definition and Examples, Properties, Equality.
- 4.2 Kernel and range of a linear Transformation
- 4.3 Rank-Nullity theorem.
- 4.4 Composite and Inverse Transformation.
- 4.5 Matrices and Linear Transformation.
- 4.6 Basic Matrix Transformations in \mathbb{R}^2 and \mathbb{R}^3
- 4.7 Linear Isomorphism.

Text Book::

Howard Anton, Chris Rorres, Elementary Linear Algebra, Application Version, Ninth Edition, Wiley, 11th edition.

Unit-1: Chapter-1: Sec. 1.1, 1.2. Unit-2: Chapter- Sec. 4: 4.1 to 4.4. Unit-3: Chapter- Sec. 4: 4.5, 4.7, 4.8 [06 lectures]

[08 lectures]

[10 lectures]

[12 lectures]

Unit- 4: Chapter- Sec.8: 8.1 to 8.4, 1.8, 4.9.

Reference Books:

(1) K. Hoffman and R. Kunze, Linear Algebra, 2nd edition(2014), Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi

(2) Steven J. Leon, Linear Algebra with Applications, 4th edition(1994), Prentice Hall of India. New Delhi

(3) Vivek Sahai, Vikas Bist, Linear Algebra, 4th Reprint 2017, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi

(4) Promode Kumar Saikia, Linear Algebra, 2009, Pearson, Delhi

(5) S. Lang, Introduction to Linear Algebra, 2nd edition,1986, Springer-Verlag, New York, Inc.

MT 242(A): Vector Calculus

Unit 1: Vector-Valued Functions

- 1.1 Curves in Space, Limits and Continuity, Derivatives and Motion, Differentiation Rules for Vector Function, Vector Functions of Constant Length.
- 1.2 Integrals of Vector Functions.
- 1.3 Arc Length along a Space Curve, Speed on a Smooth Curve, Unit Tangent Vector.
- 1.4 Curvature of a Plane Curve, Circle of Curvature for Plane Curves, Curvature and Normal Vectors for a Space Curve.

Unit 2: Integrals

2.1 Line Integral of Scalar Functions, Additivity, Line integral in the Plane.

- 2.2 Vector Fields, Gradient Fields, Line Integral of Vector Fields, Line Integrals with respect to dx, dy, dz .
- 2.3 Work done by a Force over a Curve in Space, Flow Integrals and Circulation for Velocity Fields, Flow across the Simple Closed Plane Curve.
- 2.4 Path Independence, Conservative and Potential Functions.
- 2.5 Divergence, Two forms for Green's Theorem, Green's Theorem in the Plane (Proof for special regions),

Unit 3: Surface Integrals

- 3.1 Parameterizations of Surfaces, Implicit surfaces.
- 3.2 Surface integrals, Orientation of Surfaces.
- 3.3 Surface Integrals of Vector Fields.

Unit 4: Applications of Integrals

4.1 The Curl Vector Field, Stokes' Theorem(without proof), Conservative Fields and Stokes' Theorem.

[12 Lectures]

Plane

[08 Lectures]

[08 Lectures]

[08 lectures]

- 4.2 Divergence in three Dimensions, Divergence Theorem (without proof).
- 4.3 Unifying the Integral Theorems.

Text Book:

- Thomas' Calculus (14th Edition) by Hass, Heil, Weir, Pearson Indian Education Services Pvt. Ltd.
 - Unit 1: Chapter 13: Sec- 13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4
 - Unit 2: Chapter 16: Sec-16.1, 16.2, 16.3, 16.4
 - Unit 3: Chapter 16: Sec- 16.5, 16.6
 - Unit 4: Chapter 16: Sec- 16.7, 16.8

Reference books:

(1) Basic Multivariable Calculus by J.E.Mardson, A.J.Tromba, A. Weinstein, Sppriger Verlag (Indian Edition)

- (2) Advanced Calculus by M.R. Spiegel, Schaum Series.
- (3) Advanced Calculus (IInd Edition) byD.V. Widder, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi(1944).
- (4) Advanced Calculus by John M. H. Olmsted, Eurasia Publishing House, New Delhi(1970)
- (5) Calculus Vol. II (IInd Edition) by T.M. Apostol, John Wiley, New York (1967).

MT-242(B): Dynamical Systems

Unit 1: Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors	[08 Lectures]
1.1 Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors	
1.2 Diagonalisation(matrices with real and distinct eigenvalues)	
Unit 2: First-Order Equations and Planar Linear Systems	[12 Lectures]
2.1 The Simplest Example	
2.2 The Logistic Population Model	
2.3 Second-Order Differential Equations	
2.4 Planar Systems	
2.5 Preliminaries from Algebra	
2.6 Planar Linear Systems	
2.7 Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors	
2.8 Solving Linear Systems	
2.9 The Linearity Principle.	
Unit 3: Phase Portraits for Planar Systems	[08 Lectures]
3.1 Real Distinct Eigenvalues	
3.2 Complex Eigenvalues	
3.3 Repeated Eigenvalues	
3.4 Changing Coordinates	

Unit 4: Classification of Planar Systems and Exponential of a matrix [08 Lectures]

- 4.1 The Trace-Determinant Plane
- 4.2 Exponential of a matrix.

Textbooks :

1) Elementary Linear Algebra by Howard Anton and Chris Rorres (9thedition), Applications Version.

Unit 1: Chapter 7 : Section 7.1 (Examples, Theorems with Statements only), Section 7.2 (2×2 and 3×3 matrices with real and distinct eigenvalues, Theorems with Statements only)

2) Differential Equations, Dynamical Systems and An Introduction to Chaos (2nd edition) by Morris Hirsch, Stephen Smale and Robert Devaney, Academic Press.

- Unit 2: Chapter 1 : Section 1.1 to 1.2, Chapter 2 : Section 2.1 to 2.7.
- Unit 3: Chapter 3 : Section, 3.1 to 3.4,
- Unit 4: Chapter 4 :Section 4.1, Chapter 6 : Section 6.4 (2 x 2 matrices with distinct real, repeated real and complex eigenvalues, 3 x 3 matrices with distinct real eigenvalues).

Reference Books :

1. K.B.Datta, Matrix and Linear Algebra, Prentice hall of India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi 2000.

2. Differential Equations and Dynamical Systems (Third Edition) by Lawrence Perko, Texts in Applied Mathematics 7, Springer.

Outcomes of Course:

Upon completion of the course, the students will achive the following.

- (i) The mathematical maturity of students in their current and future courses shall develop.
- (ii) The student develops theoretical, applied and computational skills.
- (iii) The student gains confidence in proving theorems and solving problems.

MT 243: Mathematics Practical

(Practical based on the applications of articles in MT- 241 and MT -242)

In Semester-IV, we should conduct 4 written practical and 2 practical on maxima software for each paper MT-241 and MT-242.

List of Practical

Practical 1 : Problems on Unit 1 (Written) from MT-241.

Practical 2 : Problems on Unit 2 (Written) from MT-241.

Practical 3 : Problems on Unit 3(Written) from MT-241

Practical 4 : Problems on Unit 4(Written) from MT-241.

Practical 5 : Problems on unit 1 and unit 2 from MT-241using maxima software.

Practical 6 : Problems on Unit 3 and Unit 4 from MT-241 using maxima software.

Practical 7 : Problems on Unit 1 (Written) from MT-242.

Practical 8 : Problems on Unit 2 (Written) from MT-242.

Practical 9 : Problems on Unit 3(Written) from MT-242.

Practical 10 : Problems on Unit 4(Written) from MT-242.

Practical 11 : Problems on unit 1 and Unit 2 from MT-242 using maxima software.

Practical 12 : Problems on Unit 3 and Unit 4 from MT-242 using maxima software.

Note:

1 The soft copy of practical on maxima software will be prepared and provided by the Board of Studies in mathematics.

2. Practicals on maxima software shall be performed on computer only..

3.Practical examination 25 marks on written problems, 10 marks for problems on maxima software (5 marks for writing syntax and 5 marks to perform the same on computer only).

Modalities For Conducting The Practical and The Practical Examination:

1) There will be one 4 hour 10 minutes (250 minutes) practical session for each batch of 15 students per week.

2) The College will conduct the Practical Examination at least 15 days before the

commencement of the Main Theory Examination. The practical examination will consist of written examination of 20 marks, 10 marks on maxima software and oral examination of 05 marks.

3) There will be external examiner; the practical exam will be of the duration of 3hours.

4) The teacher will set a question paper at the time of paper setting meeting conducted by Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune based on pattern as follows

Q1. Any 2 out of 4 each question of 5 marks on paper - I.

Q2. Any 2 out of 4 each question of 5 marks on paper - II.

- Q3. (a) Any 1 out of 2 each question of 5 marks on maxima software from paper -I.
 - (b) Any 1 out of 2 each question of 5 marks on maxima software from paper II.

5) Each student will maintain a journal to be provided by the college.

7) The internal 15 marks will be given on the basis of journal prepared by student and the cumulative performance of student at practical.

8) It is recommended that concept may be illustrated using computer software maxima and graphing calculators wherever possible.

9) Study tours may be arranged at places having important mathematical institutes or historical places.

10) Special Instruction:

- a) There should be well equipped mathematics practical laboratory of size 20x20 sq. fts containing at least 20 computers.
- b) Examiners should set separate question papers, solutions and scheme of marking for each batch and claim the remuneration as per rule.
- c) Before starting each practical necessary introduction, basic definitions, intuitive inspiring ideas and prerequisites must be discussed.

SavitribaiPhule Pune University

(Formerly University of Pune)

Three Year B.Sc. Degree Program in Zoology

(Faculty of Science & Technology)

S.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

(w.e.f. June 2020)

As per

Choice Based Credit System

Syllabusimplemented from

Academic Year 2020-2021

Preamble:

Zoology is one of the major subjects of Basic Sciences and deals with all aspects of animal biology. It includes an interesting range of highly diverse topics. A zoology student needs to gain understanding of many areas of the subject to keep pace with advancements in Life Sciences.

This under-graduate degree program has been designed by the Board of Studies in Zoology of SavitribaiPhule Pune University with a substantial component of what is needed from zoologists as a skilled career and what zoologists need to pursue for post-graduation and further academic studies. It follows the guidelines laid down by the University Grants Commission, New Delhi. This newly designed curriculum is a perfect blend of the classical aspects in Zoology and the advanced and more specialized areas.

This degree offers Discipline Specific Core Courses **[CC]** in Animal Systematics, Animal Ecology, Animal Cell biology, Applied Zoology, Pest Management, Histology, Biological Chemistry, Genetics, Developmental Biology, Parasitology, Medical & Forensic Zoology, Animal Physiology, Molecular Biology, Entomology, Techniques in Biology and Evolutionary Biology.

In addition to the Core Courses, Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses [AECC] have been added in the second year i.e. Semester III and Semester IV of the undergraduate course. In the third year i.e. Semester V and Semester VI, Discipline specific Elective Courses [DSEC] and Skill Enhancement Courses [SEC] have been offered. The students, therefore, have an opportunity to take courses in Environment Awareness, Language communication: English/Marathi, Aquarium Management, Poultry Management and Environmental Impact Assessment. In Semester VI the students also have a course dedicated to Project work.

The syllabus has been framed in such a way that the student gains each year, a broader perspective of the subject as he progresses towards completion of the degree program. Field trips, Educational visits and the Project work have been included for the student to experience the applications of the theory learnt in the classroom.

After completion of the program, it is expected that students will understand and appreciate: animal diversity, few applications of Zoology, the structure, functions and life processes at cellular, tissue, organ and system level, significance of evolution, and basic concepts of human health. The students would also gain an insight into laboratory and field work through the practical course, field work and the project.

While presenting this new syllabus to the teachers and students of F. Y. B. Sc. Zoology, I am extremely happy to state that efforts have been made to seek inputs of all the stake holders to make it more relevant.

The new course that will be effective from the academic year 2019- 2020 and will follow the Choice Based Credit System in a Semester mode. It has been primed keeping in view the distinctive requirements of B. Sc. Zoology students. The contents have been drawn-up to accommodate the widening prospects of the discipline of Life Sciences. They reflect the changing prerequisites of the students. This program has been introduced with 132 credits for the subject group while 08 credits to earn from any of the 08 groups offering a range of curricular, cocuricular and extracurricular activities. This pattern has been specially aimed towards the overall development of the students'. The calculation of credits and CGPA will be as per the guidelines of the University. The B. Sc. Zoology program provides an appropriate blend of classical and applied aspects of the subject. This newly designed curriculum will allow students to acquire the skill in handling scientific instruments planning and performing in the laboratory and exercising critical judgement, independent thinking and problem solving skills.

The Syllabus has been revised with the following aims

- To foster curiosity in the students for Zoology
- To create awareness amongst students for the basic and applied areas of Zoology
- To orient students about the importance of abiotic and biotic factors of environment and their conservation.
- To provide an insight to the aspects of animal diversity.

• To inculcate good laboratory practices in students and to train them about proper • handling of lab instruments.

Course Structure:

Course Structure with Credit Distribution of the Undergraduate Science Program in Zoology

Course	Course Code and Name of the Course					
F. Y. B. Sc.	SEMESTER I	SEMESTER II				
CC	ZO - 111 Animal Diversity I	ZO-121 Animal Diversity II	2 + 2			
CC	ZO - 112 Animal Ecology	ZO-122 Cell Biology	2 + 2			
CC	ZO - 113 Zoology Practical Paper	ZO-123 Zoology Practical Paper	1.5 +1.5			
S. Y. B. Sc.	SEMESTER III	SEMESTER IV				
CC	ZO - 231 Animal Diversity III	ZO - 241 Animal Diversity IV	2 + 2			
CC	ZO - 232 Applied Zoology I	ZO - 242 Applied Zoology II	2 + 2			
CC	ZO - 233 Zoology Practical Paper	ZO - 243 Zoology Practical Paper	2 + 2			
AECC	EVS 231- Environment Awareness	EVA 241- Environment Awareness	2 + 2			
AECC	LA 231 - English/Marathi	LA 241 - English /Marathi	2 + 2			
T. Y. B. Sc.	SEMESTER V	SEMESTER VI				
DSEC	ZO - 351 Pest Management	ZO - 361 Medical & Forensic Zoology	2 + 2			
DSEC	ZO - 352 Histology	ZO - 362 Animal Physiology	2 + 2			
DSEC	ZO - 353 Biological Chemistry	ZO - 363 Molecular Biology	2 + 2			
DSEC	ZO - 354 Genetics	ZO - 364 Entomology	2 + 2			
DSEC	ZO - 355 Developmental Biology	ZO - 365 Techniques in Biology	2 + 2			
DSEC	ZO - 356 Parasitology	ZO - 366 Evolutionary Biology	2 + 2			
DSEC	ZO- 357 Zoology Practical Paper 1	ZO - 367 Zoology Practical Paper 1	2 + 2			
DSEC	ZO- 358 Zoology Practical Paper 2	ZO - 368 Zoology Practical Paper 2	2 + 2			
DSEC	ZO- 359 Zoology Practical Paper 3	ZO - 369 Zoology Practical Paper 3	2 + 2			
SEC	ZO - 3510 Aquarium Management	ZO- 3610 Environmental Impact Assessment	2 + 2			
SEC	ZO - 3511 Poultry Management	ZO - 3611 Project	2 + 2			

Detailed Syllabus of S. Y. B. Sc.

Paper	Semester III Course Code & Course	Credits	No of Hours	Marks (Internal + University)	Semester IV Course Code & Course	Credits	No of Hours	Marks (Internal + University)
I	ZO - 231 Animal Diversity III	02	30	15+35=50	ZO - 241 Animal Diversity IV	02	30	15+ 35 = 50
II	ZO - 232 Applied Zoology I	02	30	15+35 = 50	ZO - 242 Applied Zoology II	02	30	15 + 35 = 50
Ш	ZO - 233 Zoology Practical Paper	02	14 Practicals	15+ 35 = 50	ZO - 243 Zoology Practical Paper	02	14 Practicals	15+ 35 = 50
AECC	EVS 231- Environme nt Awareness	02	30	15+ 35 = 50	EVA 241- Environmen t Awareness	02	30	15+35 = 50
AECC	LA 231- English/ Marathi	02	30	15+35=50	LA 241- English/ Marathi	02	30	15 + 35 = 50

Animal Diversity III & IV

Objectives –

- 1. To understand the origin and advancement of higher vertebrates (tetrapoda).
- 2. To understandgeneral characters of different groups of higher vertebrates.
- 3. To classify vertebrates and to become able to understand the possible group of vertebrates observed in nature.
- 4. To understand different behaviours and adaptations in higher vertebrates
- 5. To understand affinities among different groups of higher vertebrates.

Learning Outcomes for the course -

- 1. The students will be able to understand, classify and identify the diversity of higher vertebrates.
- 2. The students will able to understand the complexity of higher vertebrates
- 3. The students will be able to understand different life functions of higher vertebrates.
- 4. The students will be able to understand the linkage among different groups of higher vertebrates.
- 5. The student will become aware regarding his role and responsibility towards nature as a protector, to understand his role as a trustee and conservator of life which he has achieved by learning, observing and understanding life.

Course Title: Animal Diversity - III

Course Code: ZO – 231,

Semester - III	(2 credits – 30 Hours)
No. Title & Contents	Number of Lectures
1. Introduction to Phylum Chordata –	(03)
1.1 Origin & Ancestry of Chordates.	
1.2 Comparative account of fundamental characters of Chordates	vith Non Chordates.
1.3 Salient features of Phylum Chordata.	
1.4 Classification of Phylum Chordata upto classes – Pisces, Amp	nibia, Reptilia, Aves,
Mammalia.	
2. Introduction to Group – Protochordata.	(03)
2.1 Salient features of Protochordata.	
2.2 Salient features of subphylums with two example each - Names	only.
Hemichordata – BalanoglossusandRhabdopleura, Urochor	data - <i>Herdmania</i> and <i>Salpa</i> ,
Cephalochordata – Branchiostoma (Amphioxus) and Asymm	etron.
3. Introduction to subphylum – Vertebrata	(02)
3.1 Salient features of Vertebrata.	
3.2 Introduction and General characters of sections with two exam	ples - Names only.
Agnatha-Petromyzon & Myxine & Gnathostomata-Frog & La	beo.
4. Introduction to Class – Pisces	(04)
4.1 Salient features of Class – Pisces.	
4.2 Introductaionand Salient features of sections with two example	es - Names only.
Class - Chondrichthyes-Scoliodonand Chimaera&Osteich	thyes – LabeoandCatla
4.3 Types of Scales in Fishes.	
4.4 Types of Fins in Fishes.	

5. Introduction to Class – Amphibia

- 5.1 Salient features of Class Amphibia.
- 5.2 Introduction to order Apoda–*Ichthyophis*, Urodela–*Salamandra*(Salamander) and& Annura *Rana*.
- 5.3 Parental care in Amphibia.

6. Study of Scoliodon

Scoliodon – 6.1 - Systematic position, Geographical distribution, Habit, Habitat	01
6.2 - External characters	01
6.3 - Digestive System, Food and feeding mechanism.	02
6.4 - Respiratory System – Structure of Holobranch only.	02
6.5- External & Internal Structure of heart, Working of heart.	02
6.6 - Nervous System – Brain only.	03
6.7 - Male urinogenital system & Female reproductive System.	03
6.8- Yolk sac placenta.	01

(15)

Applied Zoology I and II

Objectives :

- 1. To understand the basic life cycle of the honeybees, beekeeping tools and equipments.
- 2. To learnfor managing beehives for honey production and pollination.
- 3. To understand the basic information about fishery, cultural and harvesting methods of fishes.
- 4. To understand fish preservation techniques.
- 5. To understand the biology, varieties of silkworms and the basic techniques of silk production and harvesting of cocoons.
- 6. To learn the different silkworm species and their host plants.
- 7. To study types of agricultural pests and Major insect pests of agricultural importance.
- 8. To study Pest control practices.

Learning Outcomes of the course:

- 1. The learner understands the basics about beekeeping tools, equipment, and managing beehives.
- 2. The learner understands the basic information about fishery, cultural and harvesting methods of fishes and fish preservation techniques.
- 3. The learner understands the biology, varieties of silkworms and the basic techniques of silk production.
- 4. The learner understands the types of agricultural pests, Major insect pests of agricultural importance and Pest control practices.

Course Title - Applied Zoology I

Course Code - ZO - 232

Semester III	2 Credits - 30 lectures	
1) Sericulture:	1	6
1.1 An introduction to Sericulture, Stud	y of different types of silk moths,	
their distribution, Taxonomic position	on and varieties of silk produced in India : Mulberry	y,
Tassar, Eri and Muga silk moths.	0)2
1.2 ExternalMorphology and life cycle	of <i>Bombyxmori</i> . 0)2
1.3 Cultivation of mulberry :		
a) Varieties for cultivation,		
b) Rain fed and irrigated mulberry of	cultivation- Fertilizer schedule, Pruning methods and	d
leaf yield.	0)2
1.4 Harvesting of mulberry : a) Leaf plu	cking, b) Branch cutting,	
c) Whole shoot cutting.	C)1
1.5 Silk worm rearing :		
a) Varieties for rearing,		
b) Rearing house,		
c) Rearing techniques,		
d) Important diseases and pests.	0)3
1.6 Preparation of cocoons for marketin	. 0)1
1.7 Post harvest processing of cocoons	:	
a) Stiffling, sorting, storage, defloss	ing and riddling,	
b) Cocoon cooking, reeling equipme	ent and rereeling, washing and polishing. 0)3
1.8 Biotechnological and biomedical ap	plications of silk. 0)2
2) Agricultural Pests and their control:	1	4
2.1 An introduction to Agricultural Pest	s, types of pests (agricultural,	
store grain, veterinary).	0)1
2.1 Major insect pests of agricultural in	nportance (Marks of identification,	
life cycle, nature of damage and co	introl measures).)6
a) Jowar stem borer,		
b) Red cotton bug,		
c) Brinjal fruit borer,		
d) Mango stem borer,		
e) Blister beetle,		

f) Rice weevil,

g) Pulse bee	tle,
--------------	------

h) Tick.

2.3 Non insect pests: Rats, Crabs, Snails, and Squirrels	01
2.4 Pest control practices in brief: Cultural control, Physical control,	
Mechanical control, Chemical control, Biological control,	
Pheromonal control, Autocidal control and Concept of IPM in brief.	04
2.5 Plant protection appliances: Shoulder type Rotary duster, Knapsack sprayer,	
Cynogas Pump.	02
Course Title: Zoology Practical Paper

Course Code: ZO – 233

Semester - III (2 credits – 60 Hours)

Animal Diversity - III

- 1. Museum study of Group Protochordata : Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Petromyzon. (D)
- 2. Museum study of Class Pisces: Labeo, Scoliodon, Hippocampus. (D)
- 3. Museum study of Class Amphibia : Salamandra, Rana, Ichthyophis. (D)
- Study of types of scales in fishes: Placoid scale, Cycloid scale, Ctenoid scale & Ganoid scale. (D)
- 5. Study of types of tail fins in fishes: Homocercal, Heterocercal & Diphycercal. (D)
- 6. Study of external characters & digestive system of locally available fish. (E) Compulsory
- 7. Study of brain of locally available fish. (D)
- 8. Temporary preparation of scales & its identification from locally available fish. (E) Compulsory
- Compulsory field visit to study pond ecosystem with reference to Pisces and amphibians, report writing and submission. (2 P)

Sericulture –

- 1. Study of external morphology and life-cycle of Bombyx mori. (D)
- 2. Study of five equipments in Sericulture. (E) Compulsory
- Preparation of a map showing distribution of silk moth and rearing/ sericulture practices in India.
 (E)
- Compulsory submission of Photographs/ sketches of Mulberry, Tassar, Eri and Muga silkmoths.
 (E)

Agricultural Pests and their control -

- Study of following insect pests with respect to marks of identification, nature of damage, economic importance and control measures. (D)
 - a) Jowar stem borer,
 - b) Red cotton bug,
 - c) Brinjal fruit borer,
 - d) Mango stem borer.
- Study of following pests with respect to marks of identification, nature of damage, economic importance and control measures. (D)
 - a) Blister beetle,

- b) Rice weevil,
- c) Pulse beetle,
- d) Tick.
- 3. Study of any two non insect pests corresponding to theory course. (D)
- 4. Compulsory submission of at least five Insect Pests/ Photographs/ Sketches. (E)
- 5. Study of pest control appliances (as per theory course). (D)
- Compulsory field visit to Sericulture farm/ Agricultural farm, report writing and submission.
 (2 P).

Minimum 14 practicals must be conducted with at least Seven practicals from each paper.

Course Title: Animal Diversity - IV

Course Code: ZO – 241

Semester - IV	(2 credits – 30 Hours)
1. Introduction to class –Reptilia	(04)
1.1 Salient features of class Reptilia with one example (name only) – Chelone, Calotes.
1.2 Venomous and Non-venomous snakes – Cobra, Russell's vipe	r, Rat snake, Grass snake.
1.3 Snake venom, symptoms, effect and cure of snake bite, first aid	d treatment of snakebite.
1.4 Desert adaptations in reptiles in brief.	
2. Introduction to class –Aves	(05)
2.1 Salient features of class Aves with two examples (names only)	– Sparrow, Parrot.
2.2 Flight adaptations in birds.	
2.3 Types of Beaks and feet in birds.	
2.4 Migration in birds – Altitudinal, Latitudinal.	
3. Introduction to class - Mammalia.	(04)
3.1 Salient features of class Mammalia with two examples (names	only) – Rat, Rabbit.
3.2 Egg laying mammals.	
3.3 Aquatic adaptations in mammals.	
3.4 Flying adaptations in mammals.	
3.5 Cursorial and fossorial adaptation in mammals	
4. Study of Rat	(17)
4.1 Systematic position, habit and habitat.	01
4.2 External characters.	01
4.3 Digestive system, food and feeding.	02
4.4 Respiratory system.	02
4.5 Blood vascular system – Structure of Heart.	02
4.6 Nervous system – Central Nervous system only.	03
4.7 Sense organs – Structure and functions of Eye & Ear.	03
4.8 Reproductive system.	03

Course Title - Applied Zoology II

Course Code - ZO-242

Semester IV	2 Credits- 30 lectures
1. Apiculture:	16
1.1 An introduction to Apiculture, Systematic position, Study of	of habit, habitat and nesting
behaviour of Apisdorsata, Apisindica, Apis florae and Apis	mellifera. 02
1.2 Life cycle, Colony organization and Division of labour.	02
1.3 Bee behaviour and communication (Round Dance and Wag	g-Tail Dance). 02
1.4 Bee keeping equipments :	
a) Bee box (Langstroth type),	
b) Honey extractor,	
c) Smoker,	
d) Bee-veil,	
e) Gloves,	
f) Hive tool,	
g) Bee Brush,	
h) Queen excluder.	02
1.5 Bee keeping and seasonal management.	02
1.6 Bee products (composition and uses) :	
a) Honey,	
b) Wax,	
c) Bee Venom,	
d) Propolis,	
e) Royal jelly,	
f) Pollen.	02
1.7 Diseases and enemies of Bees :	
a) Bee diseases - Protozoan (Nosema), Bacterial (America	an foul brood), Viral (Sac
brood), Fungal (Chalk brood).	
b) Bee pests - Wax moth (Greater and Lesser), Wax beetle.	
c) Bee predators - GreenBee eater, King crow, Wasp, Lizar	rd. 02
1.8 Bee pollination and management of bee colonies for pollina	ation. 02
2. Fisheries :	14

2.2 An introduction to fisheries and its types (in brief) : Freshwater fisheries, Marine fisheries,Brackish water fisheries.02

2.3 Habit, habitat and culture methods of following freshwater forms :	03
a) Rohu (Labeo rohita),	
b) Catla (<i>Catla catla</i>),	
c) Mrigal (Cirrhinus mrigala).	
2.3 Harvesting methods of following marine forms:	03
a) Harpodon,	
b) Mackerel,	
c) Pearl oyster.	
2.4 Crafts and Gears in Indian Fishery:	02
a) Crafts – Catamaran, Machwa, Dinghi.	
b) Gears – Gill net, Dol net, Rampani net, Cast net.	
2.5 Fishery byproducts:	02
a) Fish meal,	
b) Fish flour,	
c) Fish Liver oil,	
d) Fish manure,	
e) Fish fin soup.	
2.6Fish preservation technique:	02
a) Chilling,	
b) Freezing,	
c) Salting,	
d) Drying,	
e) Canning.	

Course Title: Zoology Practical Paper

Course Code: ZO – 243

Semester - IV	(2 credits – 60 Hours)

Animal Diversity - IV

- 1. Museum study of Class Reptilia: Venomous & Non-venomous snake Two each. (D)
- Identification of Venomous & Non-venomous snakes with the help of pictorial taxonomic keys. –
 (D) -Compulsory
- 3. Museum study of Class Aves: Crow, Kingfisher & Duck. (D)
- 4. Study of types of beaks &feets in birds Any two each. (D)
- 5. Museum study of Class Mammalia: Rat, Shrew & Bat. (D)
- 6. Study of external characters & digestive system of Rat. (D)
- 7. Study of Heart of Rat. (D) -Compulsory
- 8. Study of brain of Rat. (D)
- 9. Study of reptilian / avian diversity in and around the campus (2 P) (E) Compulsory
- Compulsory visit to Zoo / Wildlife sanctuary / Bird sanctuary, report writing and submission. (2 P)

Apiculture –

- 1. Study of external morphology, life cycle and polymorphism in Honey Bee. (D)
- 2. Temporary mounting of mouth parts, legs, wings and sting apparatus of worker bee. (E)
- Study of Bee keeping Equipment: Bee box, Honey extractor, Smoker, Bee-veil, queen excluder.
 (D)- Compulsory
- 4. Study of Bee products: Honey, Wax, Venom, Royal jelly, Pollen. (D)
- 5. Estimation of carbohydrates from Honey in different samples. (D)- Compulsory
- 6. Study of Bee enemies: Wax moth, Bee eater, ant. (D)

Fisheries –

- Identification, Classification and study of habit, habitat and economic importance of
 a) Rohu (*Labeo rohita*), b) Catla (*Catla catla*), c) Mrigal (*Cirrhinus mrigala*). (D)
- 2. Identification, Classification and study of habit, habitat and economic importance ofa) Prawn, b) Crab, c) Lobster, d) Pearl Oyster. (D)
- 3. Study and maintenance of Aquarium. (D) Compulsory

- 4. Study of crafts: a) Catamaran, b) Machwa, c) Dinghi (Photographs/models/line drawings). (D)
- 5. Study of gears in fishing: a) Gill net, b) Dol net, c) Rampani net, d) Cast net.(Photographs/models/line drawings). (D)
- Study of nutritional value of fish: Biochemical estimation of fish muscle proteins by using Biuret method. (E) - Compulsory
- 7. Compulsory study tour/field visit to Apiculture institute / Fish farm/ Aquarium. (E) (2 P).

Minimun 14 practicals must be conducted with at least Seven practicals from each paper.

Recommended Reference Books

Animal Diversity – III & IV

- 1. Text Books of Zoology, Invertebrates Vol- II, 1992, T.J.Parker and W.A. Haswel, Edited by Marshall and Williams, CBS publications and distribution, New Delhi.
- Integrated Principles of Zoology, Eleventh Edition, Hickman CP, Roberts LS & Larson A. International Edition ISBN 0–07–118077–X, The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.,
- Modern Text Book of Zoology, Vertebrates. R. L. Kotpal, 3rd edn. Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- 4. Chordate Zoology, 1982, P.S.Dhami and J.K.Dhami, R. Chand and Co., New Delhi.
- 5. Biology, Campbell nand Reece. 7th Edn. Pearson Education in South Asia, Delhi.
- 6. Young, J. Z. (2004). The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition. Oxford university press.
- 7. Pough H. Vertebrate life, VIII Edition, Pearson International.
- Integrated Principles of Zoology, Eleventh Edition, Hickman C. P., Roberts L. S.& Larson A. International Edition ISBN 0–07–118077–X, The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.,
- 9. Arora M.P. Chordates I. Himalya Publications.
- 10. Organic Evolution. R.S. Lull. Light & Life Publishers.
- 11. Jordan E. L.&Verma P. S. 2003. Chordates Zoology. S. Chand & Company Ltd. New Delhi.
- 12. Biology, Campbell Nand Reece. 7th Edn. Pearson Education in South Asia, Delhi.

Applied Zoology I & II

- 1. Principal of Sericulture, 1994. HisaoArguo, Oxford & Co.
- An Introduction of Sericulture, 1995. G.Ganga, J. Sulochana, Oxford & IBH Publication Co. Bambay.
- FAQ Manual of Sericulture. Vol I Mulberry Cultivation, Vol II Silkworm Rearing. Central Silk Board, Bangalore.
- Mane, P.C., Chaudhari R. D. et al. Highly sensitive label-free bio-interfacial colorimetric sensor based on silk fibroin-gold nanocomposite for facile detection of chlorpyrifos pesticide. Scientific Reports2020,10, 4198. https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-020-61130-y
- 5. Entomology & Pest Management. Pedigo L. P. Prentice Hall, India 1996.
- General & Applied Entomology, Nayar K. K. & T. N. Ananthkrishnan& B. V. Davis, Tata McGraw Hill Publication, New Delhi.
- 7. Insects. M. S. Mani, National Book Trust, India, 2006.
- 8. Insects & Mites of Crops in India. M. R. G. K. Nair by ICAR, New Delhi.
- The Science of Entomology. W. S. Romosor and J. G. Stoffolano, McGraw Hill Publication, 1988.

- Agricultural Insect Pests of India and their Control, Dennis S. Hill, Cambridge University Press.
- Applied Entomology. Vol. I & II. K. P. Srivastava. Kalyani Publication, Ludhiana, New Delhi.
- Principles of Insect Pest Management. G. S. Dhaliwal and Ramesh Arora, Kalyani Publications, Ludhiana.
- Pest Management and Pesticides: Indian Scenario. Editor- B. Vasantaraj David, Namrutha Publications, Madras (Chennai).
- 14. Concepts of Insect Control. Ghosh M. R. Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi.
- Destructive and useful Insects, their habit and Control, 1973. C.L. Metcalf and W. P. Flint, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, New Delhi.
- A Text Book of Entomology, 1974. V. K. Mathur and K. D. Upadhayay, Goel Printing Press, Barani.
- 17. Imm's general Text Book of Entomology, Vol I & II, Richard and Davis Owen.
- Biology of Insects, 1992. S. C. Saxena. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta.
- 19. Bee and Bee Keeping, 1978, Roger A. Morse, Conell University Press, London.
- 20. The Behaviour& Social Life of Honey Bees, C. R. Ribbandas, Dover Publication inc. New York.
- 21. Fishes. Mary Chandy. National Book Trust India, 2005.
- 22. Economic Zoology, Shukla Upadhyay, Rastogi Publication, Meerut, India, 1998.
- 23. Fisheries Developments, K. K. Trivedi, Oxford and IBH Pub. Co.
- 24. Marine Fishes in India, 1990, D.V. Bal & K. Virabhdra, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
- 25. Fishery Management, 1990, S. C. Agarwal, Avinash Publication House, New Delhi.

Note – Use latest editions of the books.



Savitribai Phule Pune University

(Formerly University of Pune)

Three Year B. Sc. Degree Program in Physics

(Faculty of Science & Technology)

S. Y. B. Sc. (Physics)

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus To be implemented from Academic Year 2020-2021

SEMISTER-III

Course code and title: PHY-231: Mathematical Methods in Physics-I

Total Lectures: 36

(Credits-02)

(9L)

(9L)

Learning Outcomes: After the completion of this course students will be able to

- Understand the complex algebra useful in physics courses.
- Understand the concept of partial differentiation.
- Understand the role of partial differential equations in physics.
- Understand vector algebra useful in mathematics and physics.
- Understand the concept of singular points of differential equations.

1. ComplexNumbers

- **1.1** Introduction to complex numbers
- 1.2 Rectangular, polar and exponential forms of complex numbers
- 1.3 Argand diagram
- 1.4 Algebra of complex numbers using Argand diagram
- 1.5 De-Moivre's Theorem (Statement only)
- 1.6 Power, root and log of complex numbers
- 1.7 Trigonometric, hyperbolic and exponential functions
- **1.8** Applications of complex numbers to determine velocity and acceleration in curved motion.
- 1.9 Problems.

2. Partial Differentiation

- 2.1 Definition of partial differentiation
- 2.2 Successive differentiation
- 2.3 Total differentiation
- **2.4** Exact differential
- 2.5 Chain rule
- 2.6 Theorems of differentiation
- 2.7 Change of variables from Cartesian to polar co-ordinates
- 2.8 Conditions for maxima and minima(without proof)
- 2.9 Problems.

3. Vector Algebra and Analysis

3.1 Introduction to scalars and vectors,dot product and cross product of two vectors and their physical significance. (Revision)

(12L)

CBCS: 2019-2020

S. Y. B. Sc

- 3.2 Scalar triple product and its geometrical interpretation
- **3.3** Vector triple product and its proof
- 3.4 Scalar and vector fields
- 3.5 Differentiation of vectors with respect to scalar
- 3.6 Vector differential operator and Laplacian operator
- 3.7 Gradient of scalar field and its physical significance
- 3.8 Divergence of scalar field and its physical significance
- **3.9** Curl of vector field and its physical significance.
- **3.10** Vector Identities.
 - a. $\nabla X (\nabla \Phi) = 0$
 - b. $\nabla . (\nabla XV) = 0$
 - c. $\nabla . (\nabla \Phi) = \nabla^2 \Phi$
 - d. $\nabla .(\Phi A) = \nabla \Phi .A + \Phi (\nabla .A)$
 - e. $\nabla X (\Phi A) = \Phi (\nabla X A) + (\nabla \Phi) X A$
 - f. ∇ .(AXB) = B.(∇ XA) A(∇ X B)

3.11 Problems.

1.1 **4. Differential Equation**

- **4.1** Degree, order, linearity and homogeneity of differential equation.
- **4.2** Concept of Singular points. Example of singular points (x = 0, $x = x_0$ and $x = \infty$) of differential equation.

4.3 Problems.

1.2 Reference Books:

- 1. Methods of Mathematical Physics by Laud, Takwale and Gambhir.
- 2. Mathematical Physics by B.D.Gupta.
- 3. Mathematical Physics by Rajput and Gupta.
- 4. Mathematical Methods in Physical Science by Mary and Boas.
- 5. Vector analysis by Spiegel and Murrey.
- 6. Mathematical Methods for Physicists by Arfken and Weber. ($5^{\rm th}$ Edition)
- 7. Fundamentals of Mathematical Physics by A.B.Gupta.
- 8. Vector Analysis by Seymour Lipschutz and Dennis Spellman.

(6L)

(6L)

(12L)

(Credits-02)

Course code and title: PHY-232: Electronics

Total Lectures: 36

N.B: This course is for students who have not taken Electronic Science as one of the subjects

at F. Y. B. Sc.

Learning outcomes:

On successful completion of this course the students will be able to

- Apply different theorems and laws to electrical circuits.
- Understand the relations in electricity.
- Understand the parameters, characteristics and working of transistors.
- Understand the functions of operational amplifiers.
- Design circuits using transistors and applications of operational amplifiers.
- Understand the Boolean algebra and logic circuits.

1. Network Theorem

- 1.1 Krichhoff's Law
- 1.2 Voltage and current Divider Circuit
- 1.3 Thevenin's Theorem
- 1.4 Norton's Theorem
- 1.5 Superposition Theorem
- 1.6 Maximum Power transfer theorem (With proof)
- 1.7 Problems

2. Study of Transistor

- **2.1** Bi-junction Transistor
 - 1. Revision of bipolar Junction Transistor, Types, Symbol and basic action.
 - 2. Configuration (Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collector)
 - 3. Current Gain Factors (α and β) and their relations
 - 4. Input, Output and transfer Characteristic of CE Configuration
 - 5. Biasing method and Voltage Divider
 - 6. DC Load line (CE), Operating Point (Q-point)
 - 7. Transistor as a switch
 - 8. Problems

2.2 Uni-Junction Transistor

- 1. Symbol, Types, Construction, Working Principle, I-V characteristics, Specifications and Parameters of Uni-Junction Transistor (UJT)
- **2.** UJT as a relaxation Oscillator.

(12 L)

(6 L)

3. Operational Amplifiers and Application

- **3.1** Operational Amplifiers
 - 1. Introduction
 - 2. Ideal and practical Characteristics
 - 3. Operational Amplifier: IC741- Block Diagram and Pin diagram
 - 4. Concept of Virtual Ground
 - 5. Inverting and Non-inverting operational amplifiers with concept of gain
 - 6. Operational amplifier as an adder and subtractor
 - 7. Problems
 - 3.2 Oscillators
 - 1. Concept of Positive and negative feed back
 - 2. Barkhausein Criteria for an oscillator
 - 3. Construction, working and application of phase shift oscillator using IC741
 - 4. Problems

4. Number System and Logic Gates

- 1. Number System: Binary, Binary coded Decimal (BCD), Octal, Hexadecimal
- 2. Addition and Subtraction of binary numbers and binary fractions using one's and two's complement
- 3. Basic Logic gates (OR, AND, NOT)
- 4. Derived gates: NOR, NAND, EXOR, EXNOR, with symbols and truth table
- 5. Boolean Algebra
- 6. De Morgan's theorem and its verification
- 7. Problems

Reference Books-

- 1. Electronic Principles, Malvino, 7th Edition Tata Mc-Graw Hills publication.
- 2. Principles of Electronics, V.K. Mehta, S. Chand publication.
- **3. Op-amp and Linear Integrated Circuit**, Ramakant Gaikwad, Prentice Hall of India publication.
- 4. Integrated Circuit, Botkar, Khanna Publication, New Delhi.
- 5. Digital Principles and Application, Malvino and Leech, Tata Mc-Graw Hills publication.

(8L)

(12L)

(Credits-02)

Course code and title: PHY-232: Instrumentation

Total Lectures: 36

N.B: This course is for students who have taken Electronic Science as one of the subjects at F. Y. B. Sc.

Learning outcomes:

After successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Understand the concept of measurement.
- Understand the performance of measuring instruments.
- Design experiments using sensors.

1. Fundamental of measurement

- 1.1 Aims of measurement
- 1.2 Functional elements of typical measurement system (Block diagram and its explanation).
- **1.3** Standards of measurement and its classification. (International, primary or national, secondary and working standards).
- **1.4** Static characteristics: Accuracy, Precision, Sensitivity, Linearity, Resolution, Drift and Hysteresis.
- 1.5 Dynamic characteristics concepts: First and Second order instruments, Examples of first order: Resistance thermometer and thermal element, Example of 2nd order: U–tube Manometer.
- **1.6** Errors in measurement and its classifications.
- 1.7 Problems

2. Transducers

2.1 Classification of Transducers and its characteristics

2.2 Displacement Transducer

- a) Resistive Type: Linear and Angular (Rotary) Potentiometer, Strain Gauge: Bonded and Unbonded
- b) Inductive Type: Self inductive: Variable number of turns, Variable Reluctance Mutual Inductive: LVDT
- c) Piezoelectric Type: Quartz Crystal
- **2.3 Force Transducer**: Cantilever beam, Column type devices

2.4 Temperature Measurement

Scales for temperature: Celsius, Kelvin and Fahrenheit

Temperature Measurement Techniques

- a. Non-electrical: Liquid filled thermometer and bimetallic thermometer
- **b.** Electrical Methods:

S. Y. B. Sc

- i. Platinum Resistance Thermometer
- ii. Thermistor: PTC and NTC with characteristics
- iii. Thermocouple: Seebeck effect and Peltier effect, Types of Thermocouple

3. Measurement of Pressure

- 3.1 Unit of pressure, Concept of vacuum, Absolute gauge and differential pressure,
- 3.2 Elastic Transducer- Diaphragm, Corrugated Diaphragm, Bellows, Bourdon Tube
- 3.3 Electric Type- LVDT, Strain gauge
- 3.4 Pressure Transducer- Calibration by dead weight tester Method
- 3.5 Problems

4. Signal Conditioning and Processing

- **4.1** Current to voltage, Voltage to current convertors, buffer amplifier, S/H Amplifier and Characteristics, Acquisition time, Aperture time, Drop rate
- 4.2 Filters: First order LPF and HPF with design,
- **4.3** Instrumentation Amplifier (Using 3 op-amp)

Reference Books:

- 1. Instrumentation Device and System, Rangan, Mani and Sarma, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- **2. Instrumentation Measurement and Analysis**, Nakra, Choudhari, Tata Mc Graw Hill India publication.
- 3. Sensors and Transducers, D. Patranabis, PHI publications.
- Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits, by Ramakant A. Gayakwad, Pearson India publications.
- 5. Process control Instrumentation Technology, C.D. Johnson, PHI publications.

(8L)

(8L)

S. Y. B. Sc

Course code and title: **PHY-233: Practical Course (Laboratory 2A)**

Learning Outcome:

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(Credits-02)
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After completing this practical course students will be able to

- Use various instruments and equipment.
- Design experiments to test a hypothesis and/or determine the value of an unknown quantity.
- Investigate the theoretical background of an experiment.
- Setup experimental equipment to implement an experimental approach.
- Analyze the data, plot appropriate graphs and reach conclusions from data analysis.
- Work in a group to plan, implement and report on a project/experiment.
- Keep a well-maintained and instructive laboratory logbook.

Total Experiments to be performed by a student: (A) 10 OR (B) 8 + Two Activities

(A): At least 6 experiments from Section I and 2 experiments from Section II

(B): At least 4 experiments from Section I and 2 experiments from Section II + Any Two Activities

Section I: Electronics/Instrumentation

- 1. Circuit Theorems (Thevenin's, Norton's and Maximum Power Transfer Theorems)
- 2. Transistor Characteristics(Input and Output characteristics of CE Configuration)
- 3. Single Stage Transistor Amplifier
- 4. Study f Rectifiers (Half, Full Wave and Bridge) with different filters
- 5. I-V Characteristics of UJT/ UJT as Relaxation Oscillator
- 6. Zener as a Regulator (Line and Load Regulation)
- 7. Op-amp as inverting and non-inverting amplifier
- 8. Study of Wein Bridge / Phase Shift Oscillator using 741
- 9. Op-amp as an adder and subtractor
- 10. Study of logic gates and verification of de Morgan's theorems
- 11. To measure displacement using potentiometer/variable inductor/ variable capacitor
- 12. Use of CRO(AC/DC Voltage measurement, Frequency measurement)
- **13.** To measure force using load cell
- 14. To measure pressure using elastic diaphragm(In Variable Capacitor / Bourdon Tube)

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15. To measure magnetic field using Hall Probe for a system of ring magnets

Section II: Use of Computer

- Plotting of various trigonometric functions using spread sheet/any graphic software viz. Microsoft Excel, Origin: sinx, cosx, tanx,e^X, e^{-X}, logx, lnx, xⁿ
- 2. Plotting of conic sections using spreadsheet /any graphic software viz. Microsoft Excel, Origin: circle, ellipse, parabola, hyperbola
- **3.** Inverse, determinant of matrix, solution of linear equations using Microsoft Excel or Origin software

Additional Activities (Any two)

- **1.** Plotting of any **two** graphs using spreadsheets (of data obtained from various experiments performed by the student)
- 2. Any two computer aided demonstrations (Using computer simulations or animations)
- 3. Demonstrations-Any two demonstrations
- 4. Study tour with report
- 5. Mini project

S. Y. B. Sc **SEMISTER-IV**

Course code and title: PHY-241: Oscillations, Waves, and Sound

Total Lectures: 36

Learning Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the learner will be able:

- To study underlying principles of oscillations and it's scope in development.
- To understand and solve the equations / graphical representations of motion for • simple harmonic, damped, forced oscillators and waves.
- To explain oscillations in terms of energy exchange with various practical applications. •
- To solve numerical problems related to undamped, damped, forced oscillations • and superposition of oscillations.
- To study characteristics of sound, decibel scales and applications.

1. Undamped Free Oscillations

- **1.1** Different types of equilibria (static, dynamic, stable, unstable, and metastable equilibrium) – definitions only with examples.
- 1.2 Definitions of linear Simple Harmonic Motion (S.H.M) and angular S.H.M.
- 1.3 Differential equation for linear S.H.M. and it's solution.
- **1.4** Composition of two perpendicular linear S.H.Ms. for frequency ratio 1:1 and 2:1 (analytical method).
- **1.5** Lissajous figures, their demonstration (optical and electrical method) and applications.
- 1.6 Problems.

2. Damped Oscillations

- 2.1 Introduction
- **2.2** Differential equation for damped harmonic oscillator and it's solution, discussion of different cases.
- 2.3 Logarithmic decrement.
- 2.4 Average energy of damped harmonic oscillator.
- **2.5** Quality factor.
- **2.6** Application: LCR series circuit.
- 2.7 Problems.

3. Forced Oscillations

- 3.1 Introduction.
- **3.2** Differential equation for forced oscillations and it's solution .
- **3.3** Resonance : mechanical, acoustic and electrical.
- **3.4** Velocity and Amplitude resonance.
- 3.5 Sharpness of resonance and half width.

(Credits-02)

(8L)

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(7L)

(7L)

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3.6	Average energy of forced oscillator.	
3.7	Quality factor of forced oscillator.	
3.8	Relation between quality factor and bandwidth.	
3.9	Application of forced oscillations- LCR series circuit.	
3.10	0 Problems.	
4. Way	ve Motion	(6L)
4.1	Introduction.	
4.2	Equation for longitudinal waves and it's solution (one dimension only).	
4.3	Equation for transverse waves and it's solution (one dimension only).	
4.4	Energy density and intensity of a wave.	
4.5	Qualitative discussion of seismic waves and gravitational waves.	
4.6	Problems.	
5. Sou	nd and Doppler Effect	(8 L)
5.1	Definition of sound Intensity, Loudness, Pitch, Quality and timbre.	
5.2	Reverberation time and reverberation of hall.	
5.3	Sabine's formula (without derivation).	
5.4	Doppler effect in sound, Expression for apparent frequency in different cases.	
5.5	Asymmetric nature of Doppler effect in sound.	
5.6	Doppler effect in light, Symmetric nature of Doppler effect in light.	
5.7	Applications: Radar, Speed of distant star, Rotational speed of binary star, Red S	Shift and
	Width of spectral line.	
5.8	Problems.	

Reference Books:

- 1. Waves and Oscillations by Stephenson.
- 2. The Physics of Waves and Oscillations by N. K. Bajaj, Tata McGraw-Hill, publication.
- 3. Fundamentals of Vibrations and Waves by S. P. Puri, Tata McGraw-Hill publication.
- 4. A Text Book of Sound by Subramanyam and Brijlal, Vikas Prakashan.
- 5. Sound by Mee, Heinmann Edition, London.
- 6. Waves and Oscillations R.N. Chaudhari, New Age International (p) ltd.
- **7. A Textbook on Oscillations, Waves and Acoustics** by M. Ghosh, and D. Bhattacharya, S. Chand and Company Ltd.

S. Y. B. Sc Course code and title: PHY-242: Optics

Total Lectures: 36 (Credits-02) **Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of this course the students will be able to • Acquire the basic concept of wave optics. • Describe how light can constructively and destructively interfere. • Explain why a light beam spread out after passing through an aperture • Summarize the polarization characteristics of electromagnetic wave • Understand the operation of many modern optical devices that utilize wave optics • Understand optical phenomenon such polarization, diffraction and interference in terms of the wave model • Analyze simple example of interference and diffraction. 1. Geometrical optics (8L) **1.1** Introduction to lenses and sign conventions. **1.2** Thin lenses: lens equation for convex lens **1.3** Lens maker equation 1.4 Concept of magnification, deviation and power of thin lens **1.5** Equivalent focal length of two thin lenses **1.6** Concept of cardinal points 1.7 Problems. 2. Lens Aberrations (8L) **2.1** Introduction **2.2** Types of aberration: Monochromatic and chromatic **2.3** Types of monochromatic aberrations and their reductions **2.4** Types of chromatic aberrations **2.5** Achromatism: lenses in contact and separated by finite distance 2.6 Problems. **3.** Optical Instruments (6L) **3.1** Introduction **3.2** Simple Microscope 3.3 Compound Microscope **3.4** Ramsden's eye piece 3.5 Huygens eye piece 3.6 Problems. 4. Interference and Diffraction (8L) 4.1 Introduction

(6L)

- **4.2** Phase change on reflection. (Stokes treatment)
- **4.3** Interference due to wedge shaped thin film
- 4.4 Newton's ring
- 3.5 Diffraction types: Fresnel's diffraction and Fraunhoffer's diffraction
- **4.6** Fraunhoffer's diffraction at single slit
- 4.7 Plane diffraction grating, Rayleigh criterion for resolution
- 4.8 Problems

5. Polarization

- **5.1** Introduction
- 5.2 Brewster's law
- 5.3 Law of Malus
- **5.4** Polarization by double refraction.
- 5.5 Nicol Prism
- 5.6 Problem

Reference Books:

- 1. Optics by A. R. Ganesan, IVth edition, Pearson Education, E. Hetch.
- **2.** A Textbook of Optics by N Subhramanyam, Brijlal, M. N. Avadhanulu, S. Chand Publication
- 3. Physical Optics by A.K. Ghatak, McMillan, New Delhi
- 4. Fundamental of Optics by F. A.Jenkins, H. E.White Mc Graw-Hilll International edition
- 5. Principles of Optics, by D. S. Mathur, Gopal Press, Kanpur.

S.Y.B.Sc

Course code and title: PHY-243: Practical Course (Laboratory 2B)

Learning Outcome:

(Credits-02)

After completing this practical course students will be able to

- Use various instruments and equipment.
- Design experiments to test a hypothesis and/or determine the value of an unknown quantity.
- Investigate the theoretical background of an experiment.
- Setup experimental equipment to implement an experimental approach.
- Analyze the data, plot appropriate graphs and reach conclusions from data analysis.
- Work in a group to plan, implement and report on a project/experiment.
- Keep a well-maintained and instructive laboratory logbook.

Total Experiments: (A) 10 OR (B) 8 + Two Activities

(A): 5 experiments from Section I and 5 experiments from Section II

(B): 4 experiments from Section I and 4 experiments from Section II + Any Two Activities

Section I: Oscillations, Waves and Sound

- **1.** Logarithmic decrement (in air and water).
- **2.** Study of coupled oscillators comprising two simple pendulum (Mechanical) and determination of coupling coefficient.
- 3. 'g' by bar pendulum.
- 4. Study of musical scales using a signal generator and musical instruments.
- 5. Measurement of coefficient of absorption of sound for different materials (cork, thermocol, mica, paper etc.).
- 6. Study of Lissajous figures and determination of unknown frequency.
- 7. Determination of speed of sound by Quincke's method interferometer.
- 8. Directional characteristics of Microphone.
- 9. Velocity of sound by Phase shift method.
- **10.** To determine the frequency of an electrically maintained tuning fork by stroboscopic method.
- 11. To Determine the velocity of sound in air at room temperature with Kundt's Tube.

- 1. Newton's Ring: Determination of wavelength of monochromatic light source (λ).
- 2. Dispersive power of glass prism.
- **3.** Total internal reflection using LASER beam and glass prism.
- **4.** Diffraction at the edge of a razor blade.
- 5. Optical activity of sugar solution using polarimeter.
- 6. Goniometer to determine cardinal points and focal length.
- 7. To determine temperature of sodium flame.
- 8. Double refracting prism.
- 9. Determination of Cauchy.s constant.

1.3 Additional Activities (Any two)

- 1. Plotting of any **two** graphs using spreadsheets (of data obtained from various experiments performed by the student).
- 2. Any two computer aided demonstrations (Using computer simulations or animations).
- 3. Demonstrations Any two demonstrations.
- **4.** Study tour with report.
- 5. Mini project.